LOCAL PLANNING AGENCY LEE COUNTY, FLORIDA

(NORTH RIVER VILLAGE EXCERPT) CPA2006-12

Transcript of proceedings had at the public hearing conducted by the Local Planning Agency, Lee County, Florida, at the SW Florida Regional Planning Council Conference Room, 1926 Victoria Avenue, Fort Myers, Florida, on September 29, 2008, commencing at 8:30 a.m.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD:

Leslie Cochran, Acting Chairman Noel Andress Ronald Inge Rae Ann Wessel

ALSO PRESENT:

Donna Collins, Assistant County Attorney
Paul O'Connor, Director of Planning Division
Matt Noble, Principal Planner
Jim Mudd, Planner
David Loveland, Lee County DOT
Janice R. Maline, Court Reporter

MARTINA REPORTING SERVICES
Courtney Building
2069 First Street, Suite 201
Fort Myers, Florida 33901
(239) 334-6545
FAX (239) 332-2913

MARTINA REPORTING SERVICES

U. IGINAL

(The requested excerpt was as follows:)

MR. NOBLE: For the record, Matt Noble,

Division of Planning. What is the Board's

⁴ pleasure? Did you want to forge on, or take a

lunch break? What's the will of the board?

MR. COCHRAN: We'll keep going. Change of

item, before us is CPA2006-12. Staff report,

⁸ please.

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MR. NOBLE: For the record, Matt Noble, Division of Planning. This amendment affects two separate properties. This is a request essentially by the Bonita Bay Group, through one of their LLC's.

The first property under the request is known as the North River Village Project. It's essentially located up near the intersection of State Road 31 and North River Road.

The request is to redesignate the rural and outer islands categories to a new river village and inner islands category with conservation lands. It also is requesting to amend the existing Policy 36.1.1 to reflect a committed transportation improvements.

It also is seeking to incorporate a new objective and policies guiding the development

- at river village, as well as adding two
- footnotes to Table 19(a) proposing an amendment
- to Table 1(b), to incorporate the new future
- land use categories and lines on that table.
- It also requests seeking to amend map six,
- which is the utilities future water service
- area, by placing the property within that -- as
- 8 depicted on that map.
- The second request is to amend the Verandah
- site. This is a site located along State Road
- 11 80, immediately south of the North River Village
- site on the south side of the Caloosahatchee
- 13 River.
- The request there is to go from the
- suburban land use category to the sub-outlying
- suburban category. I first want to thank the
- Bonita Bay Group. This project does bring many
- benefits to the county. The staff recognizes
- the effort that Bonita Bay has put into this
- request. It's been a long time in the making.
- We understand that.
- This staff has only one minor environmental
- issue with the request at this point, and that
- was detailed in the environmental sciences staff
- report. On the whole, we're very supportive of

the request to place the lands that they so -- we've come to agreement with into conservation lands.

We recognize the benefits to the blue ways, the interface with the water that the request is seeking to establish on the property, and we also understand it would be better to put the project on utilities versus well and septic.

I think in the interest of time, there's a lot of public here. I want make sure that everybody who came gets a chance to speak, so I'm going to be pretty brief.

We found that the requested development in the outer islands category, that's the development that they're proposing on Williams Island, could be accomplished with the existing categories, so we didn't recommend the adoption of the new inner island category. We had a couple of issues that led to that, and I can go into that further, if you have questions about that.

We did provide a set of strike through and underlined language, if the will of everybody is to transmit this amendment, we recommend that that language be transmitted. If I can answer

- any questions?
- MR. ANDRESS: What is the main reasons that
- staff is recommending not to transmit this plan?
- MR. NOBLE: Basically we view it as
- incorporating a large, new, future urban area
- into the plan and we don't see that that's
- warranted at the moment, that there's no
- 8 demonstrated need for additional urban lands in
- ⁹ Lee County.
- MR. ANDRESS: And I'm also curious as to
- know, this was on the agenda a week ago, and, so
- therefore, you would have thought the staff
- report would have been ready a week ago, and so
- we had to reschedule because of our full
- schedule last week to this week, and we didn't
- get this staff report until Friday.
- MR. NOBLE: Uh-huh.
- MR. ANDRESS: I'm wondering why that could
- not have been more timely?
- MR. NOBLE: I agree.
- MR. ANDRESS: That's such a big proposal.
- MR. NOBLE: I think we've been trying to do
- the best we can, given the circumstances.
- MR. ANDRESS: Well, I just didn't
- understand, if it was scheduled a week ago, why

- you would not have had staff comments ready at
- that time, and especially the fact that we did
- continue to be more thorough with our review,
- and we did not get an opportunity to review this
- until Friday. You know, we do have other jobs
- as well, as members.
- MR. NOBLE: I appreciate that.
- MS. WESSEL: I have a question, Matt. You
- 9 mentioned that the outer islands could be
- accomplished with the current code. Could you
- elaborate on that for me, please?
- MR. NOBLE: The proposed development is for
- a resort type of a development on Williams
- 14 Island; could be a lodge with a hotel-type
- developed bed and breakfast within recreational
- amenities. That type of development is
- approvable in the outer island land use category
- and has been approved in the outer island land
- use category.
- MS. WESSEL: You're saying they could
- continue to use the outer islands instead of
- creating another one?
- MR. NOBLE: That aspect of the development
- doesn't really need a future land use map
- ²⁵ amendment.

- MS. WESSEL: Okay.
- MR. NOBLE: It could be accomplished in the
- outer island category.
- 4 MR. INGE: Matt, I know the staff report
- 5 came in around 7:30 or 8:00 Friday evening.
- 6 Have you-all had a chance to meet with the
- ⁷ applicant to talk about the staff report and any
- issues that you-all still have a disagreement
- ⁹ on?
- MR. NOBLE: We have not had the opportunity
- to, no.
- MR. ANDRESS: What happens -- is the
- Babcock Ranch property contemplating development
- on 31 and 78; the northeast corner of that
- intersection?
- MR. NOBLE: I'm not sure exactly. Yes,
- 17 I've seen the drawings that were approved up
- through Charlotte County, but there is no
- application in Lee County currently to do the
- actual physical development on the land at
- Babcock.
- There is an active amendment to deal with
- transportation impacts and amendments to the
- capital improvement element, and I'm assuming
- there is going to be development in that general

- ¹ area.
- MR. O'CONNOR: I can tell you from the
- master plan for the Babcock area, that they
- 4 propose an access point, which I believe lines
- ⁵ up with the proposed access point on this
- project, but they don't have any development
- ⁷ coming right up to the North River Road setback;
- 8 I'm thinking at least a quarter mile, maybe even
- a half a mile. That's not been approved by Lee
- 10 County.
- MR. ANDRESS: Have there been any
- discussions with Lee County about the impacts on
- Highway 31?
- MR. O'CONNOR: With the Babcock people,
- yes, there has.
- MR. LOVELAND: I spent a lot of time at
- meetings with them.
- MR. ANDRESS: So there is future progress
- to be made, hopefully, in terms of widening
- Highway 31, and that area?
- MR. LOVELAND: Yes, that's all to be sorted
- out. We're at the point of discussing the
- impacts on the 2030 horizon, from a comp. plan
- analysis standpoint, and how that gets
- incorporated into our comp. plan with those

- change commitments to do certain improvements;
- that's all under discussion and review. We
- haven't agreed on the impact or anything yet.
- We're in the works and we're also working on
- settlement of the comp. plan channel that we
- ⁶ currently have going on in Charlotte County; so
- ⁷ that's still under discussion. There's other
- issues besides traffic that are concerned.
- MR. ANDRESS: Thank you.
- MR. NOBLE: If this request is approved it
- will result in a developer's agreement to
- address the mitigation of the traffic that would
- result from this request.
- MR. ANDRESS: I'm glad to hear that because
- 15 I'm concerned with the impacts that Lee County
- is going to receive without receiving the
- 17 revenue from the development of the Babcock
- Ranch, and how are we all going to take care of
- all the improvements that need to be made on the
- highway in that area to accommodate just their
- 21 traffic?
- MR. NOBLE: I feel pretty good about this
- request and the traffic. As I said, Dave can
- bear out and correct me if I'm wrong, we pretty
- much reached an agreement with the traffic and

- 1 what needs to happen.
- MR. LOVELAND: For North River Village;
- distinguishing that from Babcock.
- MR. INGE: Okay. I was trying to -- Dave
- ⁵ clarified the question I had there.
- MR. COCHRAN: I want to try and stay
- focussed on North River, if we can.
- 8 MR. ANDRESS: Yeah. The reason I ask that,
- I saw a lot of different improvements that were
- contemplated if this project were to go forward.
- MR. COCHRAN: Ron?
- MR. INGE: Matt, you had mentioned you
- worked out some traffic issues that you've got
- as a result of everything, but you're still
- recommending this not be transmitted; is that
- 16 correct?
- MR. NOBLE: Correct.
- MR. INGE: Okay.
- MR. NOBLE: I just want you to recognize,
- you know, how hard they've worked on this
- request. Most of the issues have been resolved.
- MR. INGE: And the main issues are still
- traffic and --
- MR. NOBLE: No, just the creation of the
- new land use category and a new urban area.

- MR. COCHRAN: Urban sprawl.
- MR. INGE: You know, I'm concerned about
- our timing here, there's a lot of materials
- here, a lot of folks that, I'm sure, are going
- to want to speak on this one way or another, and
- ⁶ just getting this material at such a late time,
- and you-all haven't had a chance to meet and
- 8 talk it over with the applicant, I'm just really
- 9 concerned about our ability to do justice, and
- to do it in a short meeting. I want to put that
- on the record.
- MR. COCHRAN: I think we all share that
- concern, but it's our understanding, the same
- comment prevails on this matter; it will go
- ¹⁵ forward?
- MR. O'CONNOR: Yes, it will go forward. We
- did look at some possible dates, if you were
- looking for a continuance of the meeting. I
- think we should probably take public input and
- take its temperature after that.
- MR. ANDRESS: Okay.
- MR. INGE: I agree with that. I'm
- concerned about that. Thank you, Matt.
- MR. NOBLE: I'm sure that Bonita Bay's got
- an extensive presentation to orient you to the

- ¹ project.
- MR. COCHRAN: If the applicant come
- forward, please. You'll have until 12:45.
- MR. DELISI: Okay. For the record, my name
- is Dan DeLisi. I am planner with DeLisi
- ⁶ Fitzgerald. You know, I do need to beg your
- ⁷ indulgence for a moment on the issue of time.
- 8 As you see, there's a giant notebook in front of
- ⁹ you.
- We originally submitted this in September
- of 2006. We have gone through an extensive
- process with staff. There are a lot of issues
- here. We have cut our presentation down to just
- myself, David Depew, and Kitty Green, to make
- some closing remarks, but it's going to be a
- very difficult time constraint. If that's a set
- in stone time constraint, we'll try and rush
- through it but --
- ¹⁹ MR. COCHRAN: 12:45.
- MR. DELISI: Okay. All right. Staff has
- pointed out a lot of areas of agreement, and
- just one major issue of disagreement. I think
- in their staff report they really have four
- issues that we're going to concentrate on in
- this presentation. Number one is sprawl. Dave

- Depew, who's passing out some information now
- will talk about that. Number two is precedent.
- 3 I'll talk about that a little bit and so will
- ⁴ Dave.
- ⁵ Economic viability, you know, I want to
- take a moment to discussion economic viability.
- ⁷ The question here is not whether or not the
- 8 developer can make some money off of this
- project. The question that you all need to
- think about is whether or not this makes the
- most sense, from a planning standpoint, for Lee
- 12 County. All right?
- Does 1,000 units individually sticking
- their straws into the stand stone aquifer for
- potable water and irrigation, does that make the
- most sense for the county? Staff has recognized
- that a central water and sewer is a major
- benefit.
- Does it make sense to be along an impaired
- 20 -- a waterway and have a 1,000 septic tanks in
- the area? You know, that clearly does not make
- a whole lot of sense. You know, there are a lot
- of issues from a sprawl standpoint, from an open
- space standpoint, from a habitat standpoint that
- we'll go through. But the question is whether

- or not the rural land use category of one unit
- an acre in the current comprehensive plan is the
- best form of development to implement the county
- 4 goals.
- The fourth point that has come up is the
- 6 proposal for Verandah and population
- accomodation. We never really thought that this
- was a major issue of staff concern.
- We heard that it was an issue of concern
- that the DCA may have. We did a significant
- amount of data and analysis on population
- accommodation justifying this request.
- Verandah, we threw in at the last moment
- and said, "Look, if you're concerned about
- maximum density on the future land use map, we
- can retire some units at Verandah and decrease
- that to sub-outlying suburban."
- If that's an issue that's confusing people,
- or if that's an issue that staff is no longer in
- support of, we don't mind removing it. Verandah
- by itself has no benefit for the applicant
- outside of this context.
- I'm not going to go through the amendment
- request itself. Staff did that to some extent.
- You all have the application in front of you. I

do want to talk about some of the issues directly.

We have heard a lot from the community and also the county just now, about how this is a rural context, you know, rural area, rather, and I just want to put that in the proper context.

To the south we have the Fort Myers Shores community, directly across the river; that's developed at about three units an acre. We're directly adjacent to State Road 31 on the west, County Road 78 on the north. We're in proximity to services.

You can see on the west-hand side of 78 is the Lee County Civic Center; distinctly urban-type use, and you can see the FPL power plant is directly to the southwest. There is a lot of service in the area.

When you look at the surrounding context overall, I want you to think about two points: One is precedent, and two is how this area really fits into everything else.

You can see to the south there is the Fort Myers Shores community -- planning community area on the Caloosahatchee shores planning community -- or community plan area. Sorry.

- You can see that's generally built out, and it
- has existing urban designations. To the west is
- the Bayshore community, and again as far as land
- 4 use form goes, that's also built out with larger
- 1 lot development, but it's built out.
- To the north is the proposed village of
- Babcock. Now you asked the question about
- what's proposed to the north of 78, and you can
- see that village area north of 78 there. Now to
- the east I want you to take a look at what's
- qoing on.
- There is a giant green belt that extends
- north to south to the Caloosahatchee River.
- 14 It's about a mile in width. When you try and
- drive through it, that cuts off any development.
- When we talk about precedent, this whole area
- that is generally isolated in there, is really
- cut off from everything around it.
- When you talk about the idea that these
- urban designations will somehow spread nine
- miles to the east to downtown Alva, that simply
- just won't happen; that is not possible,
- certainly from a precedent standpoint. If
- anything would stop development from happening,
- it is that giant green belt.

When we talk about precedent, I think everyone needs to understand that the only way you could possibly get a precedent on a land use case is if every single aspect of the case is exactly the same, and that's almost impossible to do with land.

I mean, how many properties out there have water frontage and are adjacent to State Road 31 and County Road 78? Just looking at the map, none; that alone sets this property apart from everything else.

The whole category and all the commitments that we're talking about were written to raise the bar, and if someone can go through that extent, and have exactly the same thing that we're talking about, maybe that's an issue of precedent, but I don't think that exists.

I want to also put this in the context of where we are. Downtown Alva is nine miles from the property. Downtown Fort Myers is nine miles from the property. We are equally distant from downtown Alva and downtown Fort Myers.

We have heard people say that this will have impact on the Alva community plan area, which is applicable to downtown Alva only;

that's just simply not the case. Again, you are in a fairly isolated context. This -- that area is a very significant distance away. And when you talk about the Alva planning community, here we're on the edge of the Alva planning community in the North Olga community, which is a subarea within this giant planning community, and you'll hear a lot about that today, but, again, we are adjacent to all urban infrastructure.

The future land use map, we're in the rural land use category. We're directly adjacent to the suburban land use category, which allows for up to six units an acre.

There are areas within the sub-outlying suburban land use category of two units an acre around us. Yes, there is DRGR to the north of us, again, that is the town of Babcock.

Now think for a moment about what you look for when you look for a home, what anyone looks for; proximity with daily commercial shopping, access to major roadway infrastructure.

What's the largest residential driver in the State of Florida? Waterfront, waterfront is a major driver of residential. So when we look at whether or not this property is going to

- develop, we know it's going to develop. You're
- in a land use category that allows for one unit
- an acre. You have all the major drivers of
- 4 residential development. This property will
- ⁵ develop. It's not a question of if the property
- is going to develop, it's a question of how, and
- we don't have to guess at what the rural land
- 8 use category produces.

9 At one unit an acre it produces

subdivisions like that, which is developed in

this planning community. One unit an acre,

individually-plotted lots, all on well and

septic, no edge protection. You have a suburban

style of development with a suburban character

to County Road 78. It's not environmentally

sensitive, how many flow ways can you restore

with that form of development? You can't.

So when we propose development on this

property, we're trying to do better than what

the rural land use category currently allows

for. We're trying to take the existing category

and raise the bar from an environmental

standpoint, from a transportation standpoint,

from a community character standpoint.

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Everyone has an image of what Bonita Bay

- Group does; what kind of development Bonita Bay
- Group produces. If you live down in Estero, you
- think of the Brooks. If you live in Bonita
- Springs, you think of Bonita Bay or Mediterra.
- ⁵ If you live in East Lee County, you think of
- ⁶ Verandah.
- What Bonita Bay Group does, however, is try
- 8 to fit every new community into the context of
- ⁹ the surrounding area. They try and make
- communities unique to that area.
- So in coming up with this land use
- category, our first goal was to simply meet with
- as many people as we could possibly meet with.
- Unlike a lot of proposals that you get, we've
- had over 200 meetings with the community.
- We have met with anyone who would sit down
- with us, and that starts out with the Duke
- Highway residents, the residents immediately
- surrounding this property in North Olga. We've
- met with adjacent communities of Alva, of North
- Fort Myers. We've met with the Conservancy.
- We've even held a day-long community design
- shared -- or sorry -- shared, with environmental
- organizations to look at how we designed this
- project, to figure out if there are design

- techniques that we can use, techniques that have
- never been incorporated in Southwest Florida,
- that would improve water quality going into the
- 4 Caloosahatchee River. We've looked at things
- that we can do to really raise the bar from an
- environmental standpoint.
- Now some of the things we've heard, first
- 8 off, public access to the waterfront. Again,
- ⁹ the Florida Senate in 2005 did a major study on
- this. Waterfront is being cut off from the
- public. As more and more waterfront develops,
- there are less and less opportunities to
- incorporate public access to the waterfront, and
- this is a major economic issue.
- Now when we look at waterfront access,
- we're essentially looking at three factors:
- What I determine serene recreational
- opportunities, destination and view is another
- factor, and boat access is another factor. Now
- Southwest Florida has some of the most beautiful
- creek and river systems anywhere.
- When I first moved down here one of the
- most impressive things to me was experiencing
- the waterfront in a kayak. You think of
- Sanibel, kayaking in the mangroves, you think of

- the Peace River, you think of the Estero River.
- The problem is these areas are generally not
- accessible. You don't have the ability to kayak
- along Trout Creek, which so you know, Trout
- ⁵ Creek is this creek system that runs through our
- ⁶ property.
- People don't have that opportunity, and
- it's a gorgeous opportunity. You know, if you
- think of the Estero River, and how much usage
- that gets, it's because the opportunity is so
- 11 limited.
- Now these are pictures of Trout Creek.
- 13 I've personally kayaked it twice, and I can tell
- 14 you what a gorgeous experience it really is.
- The only down side of it is it's lined with
- Brazilian Pepper. Now there is some gorgeous
- oak canopy areas. If we can get in, remove that
- Brazilian Pepper and let the natives grow back
- in, open that up to the public, that is a major,
- a major, quality of life benefit to the area.
- Williams Island is a part of that vision.
- The ability to kayak or boat down to Williams
- Island with some low key type recreation uses,
- or overnight cabins, again, as staff mentioned
- that is part of -- you have the ability to do

- that in the outer island land use category. The
- only reason why we propose this land use
- category, the inner islands, is if you read the
- outer islands land use category description, it
- 5 doesn't fit for islands on the Caloosahatchee
- River. It really speaks to barrier islands,
- ⁷ things in the Pine Island Sound, islands that
- 8 really don't have access to urban
- ⁹ infrastructure.
- If you look at Williams Island, you can see
- the urban infrastructure is already there. The
- Fort Myers Shores community is right adjacent to
- it. And, in fact, if you think of the history
- of Williams Island, it was actually part of the
- land mass to the south where the urban areas
- 16 are.

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- The other part of public access is creating
- the marina village. It's something that we put
- in by policy in the proposed text amendment.
- The idea here, again, is to allow for a
- publicly-accessible place for people to enjoy
- views of the waterfront. Low key commercial
- type uses, a promenade, and to allow for boat
- access through a public marina.
 - One of the things we heard from the North

- Olga residents is that people would like a
- community gathering place. This is the type of
- destination that we're trying to fulfill with
- the marina village.
- Now as I mentioned we had a lot of meetings
- with the North Olga community, and residents in
- the area, and these are some of the issues that
- 8 came up: Compatibility with existing
- ⁹ residential, and enhanced quality of life,
- community gathering places, was something
- desired that I just mentioned.
- No berms and no gates, that was one of the
- very first comments we heard and incorporated
- into the plan, preservation of the character of
- 78, green building, water quality for the river
- and so on.
- Now I'll start out with central water and
- sewer; that was something that was brought up at
- the very beginning. At one unit an acre, it is
- not cost feasible to extend water and sewer
- lines to the area. It's just that simple.
- 22 At one unit an acre you are looking at
- individual wells and septic tanks. You know,
- again individual straws sticking down into the
- sandstone aquifer. It is clearly not of benefit

to the environment. Extending water and sewer is definitely an environmental benefit, and something that, I think, staff recognizes.

The character of the community is something that we took to heart. Typically, in the rural land use category, or any other category, you'll see the bottom right-hand picture. You get the big berm, well-landscaped, you get a fence out front; that's not what we're proposing.

We're proposing to preserve the character of County Road 78. By policy, Policy 1.10.14, we've incorporated a requirement that you have to do a 100-foot edge protection area.

This edge protection area will include an equestrian path, a multi-use bicycle and pedestrian path. It will include preservation of those characteristics of the 78 corridor that people like.

Duke Highway is another edge protection area that we've spent a lot of time thinking about and coming up with an idea for, with the residents of Duke Highway. The issue we heard here is that residents did not want to see the backs of homes, and the backs of pool cages facing Duke Highway. Now that's what you're

- going to get with the typical development,
- because a developer will go in there and they
- will double load every road; that's the most
- economical thing to do.

What we're proposing here is to do a single-loaded road where the homes will face the homes along Duke Highway, so that you won't see the backs of homes and the backs of pool cages.

Open space and preservation, this is an issue that we dealt with at length with staff, and we came up with a proposal that, with staff, that I think everyone's in favor of. The idea here from a sprawl and smart growth standpoint is, the goal is to reduce the development footprint. All right.

In Lee County you already have open space and preserve guidelines, except we're increasing those open space and preserve guidelines for us by 20 percent for the open space requirement, and 50 percent for the indigenous preserve requirement.

So, you know, the typical assumption is that if you have more units on a property, you'll chew up more environmental sensitive land. We're turning that on its head and saying

- more units will provide us the incentive to
- preserve more lands. All of these things that
- we talk about, the environmental benefits, the
- transportation network that I'm going to talk
- about, developers need the incentive to be able
- 6 to do this.
- The rural land use category currently
- 8 doesn't provide any incentives to push for the
- ⁹ form of development that we generally feel is
- smart growth. We've proposed that we would
- designate the conservation areas on the future
- land map used today.
- So this isn't simply a proposal to take a
- property from the rural designation to the river
- village designation. It's to take it from rural
- to river village and conservation.
- Now there are three general colors, or four
- general colors on the map. There's the green
- color, which would be conservation wetlands,
- there's the dark brown, which would be
- conservation uplands.
- I'm here to tell you in the rural land use
- category, there would essentially be no
- requirement for this property to preserve those
- upland areas; given the current open space and

- preserve guidelines. There's a special
- treatment area, again not something we would
- ordinarily have to preserve, and there's the
- 4 restored flow way, not something that the rural
- 5 land use category would have you do. The
- 6 special treatment areas are something new for
- ⁷ Lee County.

The policy would require us to design areas
to incorporate existing native trees or relocate

those trees, if they couldn't be incorporated

into the development, and you can see pictures

on the screen from Verandah. That is how we

have addressed this issue before in trying to

incorporate large, native trees into the

property.

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Transportation: This development is projected to pay up to \$23 million in transportation impact fees. Now by definition, transportation impact fees mitigate for every unit's impact on the road network.

So in other words, a transportation impact fee will leave the road network no better off and certainly no worse off with -- with a built unit than without a built unit. What we're proposing, though, is to go above and beyond

- 1 that. Our goal, again, was to create a net
- positive benefit for the road network. So you
- can't just look at this as another 2,500 units.
- You have to look at this as another 2,500
- units that will mitigate for its own
- transportation impacts, leave the road network
- no worse off with paying impact fees, but on top
- of that, over and above that, we're trying to
- ^{9'} improve upon the existing situation.
- We heard about Babcock before. We are
- donating 300 feet of right-of-way along our
- property, no cost to the county, no impact fees,
- for the widening of State Road 31 that we know
- is going to happen, based on the approved DRI
- that Babcock has in Charlotte County.
- We're agreeing to widen a section of State
- Road 31 at our expense from the project's main
- entrance to State Road 78, and there are two
- intersections. The intersection the Buckingham
- Road, the intersection at Buckingham Road and
- State Road 80, and the intersection at State
- Road 31 and State Road 80, that are in need of
- intersection improvements, that we will make, to
- improve upon the existing transportation
- network.

When we look at environmental benefits, the focus of this community is to create a lifestyle of people living with nature, much more so than even Bonita Bay has the reputation for doing; that is the theme of this community.

To accomplish that, we've looked at all sorts of environmental programs that we can incorporate. Now Bonita Bay Group has done all of these programs, or most of them, in past communities individually. They've never done all of them in a single community.

These programs add expense, let's face it. Nothing is free, and designing a community to meet these levels of standards, you know, you need incentives to do this. You can't just simply leave something in the rural land use category and expect it to be done. It is not feasible to make that happen.

I want to make special note of one thing that we're committing to, and that is green building for all single-family homes. That is an incredibly significant commitment to do. It is something that in the local market, in this local area has not been done before. It's been done in other areas, but it's just not something

- that has been done in the local market. It is a
- big risk to the developer, but, again, with
- incentives, you can actually get development to
- 4 do things like that.
- 5 Low impact design criteria; again, this is
- a form of development, or criteria, that has not
- typically been used in the State of Florida
- 8 even, but it's something that came out of the
- 9 environmental workshop that Bonita Bay
- organized, that I mentioned to you before, with
- statewide leaders and environmental issues.
- We're looking at incorporating elements of
- low impact development into the community, so
- that consists of decreasing impervious surfaces,
- reducing roadway runoff, adding permeable
- pavement surfaces, increasing natural areas and
- 17 Xeriscaping in the community.
- And the goal of all this and what it
- actually leads to is it improves water quality
- in the community, and we've heard that's a major
- issue of importance, especially along the
- ²² Caloosahatchee River.
- Again, I want to reiterate, you know, this
- is not a proposal of development, or no
- development. It's not a proposal of, do you

- have 2,500 units or nothing. It's a proposal of
- what does the rural land use category allow for,
- and what does it do, and what does it not do,
- 4 more importantly, and what are we proposing to
- do? We're proposing to raise the bar with all
- of these things that I've talked about. And
- 7 with that I'll hand it over to Dave Depew.
- 8 MR. DEPEW: Good afternoon. For the
- 9 record, David Depew. I am relatively new to
- this North River Village Project, but I was
- requested to come in and undertake an
- independent analysis with regard to the statutes
- and the rules, looking at smart growth and urban
- sprawl, and population accomodation.
- Given the lateness of this, I'm going to
- zip through this pretty quickly. I'll
- apologize, if there are any questions that
- arise, please stop me or ask them when we get to
- 19 the end.
- We also have a number of other experts here
- today as well, including Mr. Tilton to address
- storm water issues, Mr. Passarella to address
- environmental issues, and Mr. Dellone to address
- the transportation issues, should you have any
- questions in those areas as well.

I want to talk to you about conventional growth versus smart growth. Conventional growth, as you can see, is classic. We know exactly where it is around the county, we've got many examples of it, and it generally results in the loss of natural land, and open space, and depleted drinking water supply, and reduces quantity and quality of resources.

Smart development, the whole process of smart development is intended to involve less land clearing and grading, reduce infrastructure cost, protection of regional water quality and really the development of human scale neighborhoods, rather than larger, non-human scale neighborhoods that you see throughout the southeast portion of Florida.

It is not no-growth. What it seeks to do foster efficient development, and create a more livable community. The amendments I believe implement the smart growth philosophy that you found throughout Lee County, and the evolution of Lee County regulation.

It creates a mix of land use uses, it involves clustering development on the areas that are most appropriate for it, and increasing

- the open space. It results in a variety of
- housing opportunities, and the number of
- inter-connective neighborhoods that emphasize
- 4 non-vehicular transportation within the
- ⁵ development.
- It also, as Mr. DeLisi has indicated to
- you, suggest that we have rather significant
- 8 efforts to preserve the edges. It creates clear
- boundaries for neighborhoods and large areas of
- natural habitat preservation, not just wetlands,
- but upland, rare and unique habitat as well, and
- a home orientation that seeks to preserve those
- benefits of the open space and habitat that are
- preserved.
- T also took a look at the definitions
- related to urban sprawl. Urban sprawl is
- defined in 9J5.03, and without going into all of
- those things, it is clearly evident in a variety
- of different developments that you can find
- throughout Lee County. Those pictures are all
- from Lee County.
- 22 Admittedly the development up here on the
- top picture is somewhat a bit more classic, as
- is the one in the middle, but this one right
- here, as Mr. DeLisi has talked about, is fairly

- new, and it is a new development that has been
- implemented under the existing land uses
- category and existing regulation, in a classic
- grid, much like you see in the other two
- ⁵ pictures.
- 6 Sprawl is characterized by low intensity
- and low density development. I would submit to
- you that North River Village instead consists of
- a variety of mixed uses that includes not only
- residential, but commercial. Those are intended
- to support the residents, as well as
- recreational areas of public open space and
- conservation.
- 14 It's also located in an area that is
- clearly developing, and within a very
- significant urban boundary of this green area
- located off to the east, and between the areas
- of Fort Myers Shores, and the proposed Babcock
- new town adjacent to public facilities, such as
- the Civic Center. It's also located at the
- intersection of two arterial roadways.
- Sprawl promotes or allows radial and strip
- isolated or ribbon patterns of development.
- Based on the map I just showed you, and a review
- of development in the area, I believe that not

- to be the case. I believe that the policies
- require a compact, urban forum that preserves
- open space and provides a variety of
- 4 neighborhood relationships, both internal and
- ⁵ external to the property.
- Natural resources are protected and conserved with more than 300 acres slated for
- 8 preservation, dock facilities being managed, and
- 9 habitat and flow way restoration being a part of
- the overall process.
- The projected development also extends
- existing utilities and builds on urban uses that
- already exist in the area. The argument that
- this is a rural area is simply belied by the
- 15 fact that not only are there suburban type uses
- that are promoted, or actually developed in
- 17 close proximity to the subject property, and a
- proposed urban style use developed -- being
- proposed for development to the north of this
- property, but the simple fact is that the rural
- development and the one unit to the acre is not
- a rural type of land use category, it's a sprawl
- category.
- It is the major objection that the
- department had with the Lee County Comprehensive

- Plan back in 1990, and was used as the example
- of why that plan could not be approved, and it's
- because of the broad expanse of areas to be
- developed in the one unit per acre grid that you
- see that's starting to evolve in this area.
- The proposed land use policies will stop
- ⁷ that. It will provide a clear separation
- 8 between rural and suburban type uses. We also
- 9 would submit to you that there are no other
- areas that this kind of development could start
- to evolve in closer proximity to the urban core.
- This is where this sort of development is
- supposed to take place.
- We believe we have a functional mix of
- uses. We believe that all of these uses are
- interconnected in a way that provides not only
- internal activities, but also activities for
- folks outside of the development to access.
- In other words, in conclusion on sprawl, we
- believe that the policies that are articulated
- discourage sprawl, and the amendment is not
- characteristic of sprawl, they are emblematic of
- smart growth, and the amendment reflects the
- smart growth principles.
- Population accommodation is also an area

- that I took at look at. The statute requires
- and the rule requires that population
- projections are based on methodologically sound
- 4 data.

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What you're heard already here this morning

has, in essence, said to me that I don't need to

go into a heavy and detailed consideration of

the variety of various elements on sprawl and a

sprawl analysis, simply because -- or I mean on

allocation, simply because I would tell you that

the proposal, while it suggests that there is

going to be reallocation in this particular area

of the county, does not propose an increase in

the overall county population projection.

What's happening here and the staff's recognized this in a number of other instances, is that the allocation tables need to be addressed on a fairly regular basis. There are a number of systemic difficulties that have been identified.

I'm running out of time so I'm going to skip through a lot of these things and simply tell you that there are some various restrictions that are already expanded in the plan. You've got a series of restrictions out

- on Pine Island. The proposal includes a density
- restrictions with regard to Verandah. There are
- a number of municipal recalculations, and the
- 4 staff report even recognizes that there are
- ⁵ municipal recalculations that need to be

as the Babcock new town.

⁶ undertaken.

The allocation tables do not anticipate the extensive public acquisition of land that are being undertaken on an ongoing basis, and it doesn't deal with the unanticipated growth, such

We have large amounts of new data associated with wetlands and flow ways, and, in fact, there are no additional wetland acres allocated for the Alva planning community. If you look at the future allocations, there's zero acres associated with wetlands, but we know in the Alva planning community, somewhere north of 20 percent of the undeveloped land is still wetlands.

We have flow way maps, we have soil maps, we have wetland maps, that all suggest we have additional wetland acreage out there that needs ultimately to be considered. The other thing that is clearly before you, as part of the

- package, are the current demand indices. We
- know there is increasing demand in this area for
- growth. It's going to take place, and as Mr.
- DeLisi indicated to you, the question is not
- whether it's going to occur, but how it's going
- 6 to occur.
- I would submit to you the current request
- is significantly more responsible than anything
- else we've seen in the rural land use category
- to-date.
- He talked a little bit about precedent, I'm
- going to skip through this. I would submit to
- you, as Mr. DeLisi did, that precedent is
- 14 impossible in a land use case such as this. We
- don't have precedent as far as these things
- occur, simply because there are no situations
- that the unique characteristics combine in this
- kind of a fashion.
- I would also submit to you that the current
- economic use is simply not a viable activity.
- 21 Agricultural uses are simply not going to
- preserve the kind of environmental and habitat
- issues that we believe are important for this
- particular piece of property.
- We would not like to see the Serengeti type

- of subdivision ultimately developed on this
- piece of property where the riverfront
- utilization gets carved up to 100-foot wide
- pieces and the infrastructure installation is a
- ⁵ minimized.
- Instead, we want to see a more progressive, coordinated development effort that will bring
- 8 together all the best management practices that
- we know can be practiced on a property such as
- this.
- We would request adoption of the future
- land use amendment and the future land use map
- amendment, although, I will tell you we have no
- argument with the staff modifications to the
- proposed section of the report that says if you
- want to adopt it, you can look at those.
- We have absolutely no complaints about that
- section whatsoever. I would tell you that we
- think ours is worded a little bit better, but,
- again, if the staff is more comfortable with
- their version, it accomplishes the same thing,
- and also gives you an idea that there's simply
- more than one way to skin a cat.
- I have now Ms. Green who is going to give
- you some fleeting remarks.

MS. GREEN: Could you feel my eyes?

MR. DEPEW: I could.

MS. GREEN: You all have had a very long morning, and I promise I will take a couple final minutes and we'll be done. I want to say to you that for the past three years we've been meeting with the residents of North Olga and the surrounding areas.

We have met with hundreds of residents, business leaders and environmental advocates and they've spent time working with our team to create a shared vision of North River Village.

They're creating a plan that preserves the character and charm of the special place that invites the public to appreciate the Caloosahatchee and its tributaries, that sets a new standard for green development in Southwest Florida and that provides utilities and fire protection to this area.

In response to their input our plan has changed significantly. We've eliminated berms and gated entries. We've provided significant buffers protecting the edge conditions. We're committing to have every single-family home built to green building coalition standards and

- keeping the main roadways, pathways and
- amenities open to the public, to mention a few
- 3 examples.

We're very grateful for the time and commitment of these individuals, many of whom are here today, and we're very proud of the shared vision we've created.

North River Village offers tremendous benefits to North Olga and to the region as a whole. In the addition to the positive planning, environmental, and quality of life benefits that Dan and Dave reviewed with you, North River Village also offers significant economic development advantages, including 3,000 job and \$40 million in ad valorum taxes during development, and \$23 million in impact fees.

North River Village raises the bar for development by our company, or any other company in Southwest Florida, and with your positive recommendations to the Board of County Commissioners, it will be one step closer to becoming a new benchmark for sustainable development in Southwest Florida, and Bonita Bay Group's next great legacy community.

Thank you for your time and attention, and

- our team is here if you have any questions.
- MR. COCHRAN: Thank you. Questions?
- MR. ANDRESS: No questions.
- MR. INGE: Mr. DeLisi, I've got a question.
- Well, actually Mr. Depew mentioned it, but you
- can perhaps answer it. Again, given the
- ⁷ inability to really go through all this material
- ⁸ adequately, Dave mentioned that the -- that the
- ⁹ proposal from the staff, if the Board decides to
- transmit, is acceptable, is that the proposal --
- proposed language starting on page 13 of the
- report?
- MR. ANDRESS: Yes.
- MR. DELISI: Yes. The text amendment
- changes that staff proposed are fine with us.
- We don't have any issue with those.
- MR. INGE: I just want to understand what
- part you're focusing on. Okay. Thank you.
- 19 That's all the questions I have.
- MR. ANDRESS: Okay, thanks.
- MR. COCHRAN: We're going to take public
- comment in just a moment but maybe the reporter
- needs a break.
- (A brief discussion was held off the record
- and the proceedings continued as follows:)

- MR. COCHRAN: Let's take a few minutes to
- ² pause.
- MR. ANDRESS: Take a five-minute break.
- 4 (A recess was had and the proceedings
- ⁵ continued as follows:)
- MR. ANDRESS: Everybody, please take your
- ⁷ seat.
- 8 MR. COCHRAN: I'd like to call the meeting
- back into order. We have a large number of
- cards. We want to honor everyone's time to
- speak. We will limit it to three minutes max,
- and if it's simply repeating what's already
- being said, you don't have to say it for making
- public comment.
- We have a time frame where we lose the
- quorum at 2:30, so we would encourage you to
- keep to the point, and I will call out the
- names. Ruby Daniels.
- MS. DANIELS: Good afternoon. My name is
- Ruby Daniels. I am president of Alva, Inc. and
- I am speaking for Alva, Inc. We are here to
- support staff's recommendation that you not
- accept the North River Village Project.
- We've listened to all their experts and
- heard what they had to say. I and all the

people who are going to speak in opposition to this project are also experts. We are experts in rural living and rural culture. We live the rural life every day, and some of us have done

that all our lives.

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Our umbrella objection is their request for more than two times the density allowed under the Lee County land use plan. We have taken a proactive stance in our effort to maintain a rural character and lifestyle of the Alva planning district and the eastern part of Lee County.

We have written a community plan which you approved last February, and since then we have developed the next phase of that plan to submit this month for staff review.

We recognize that one unit per acre will not preserve the rural countryside, so we have written and submitted for review standards of development for the Alva planning district, which calls for one unit per acre in the rural lands.

It also calls for clustering of houses as well as many other benefits that will help preserve the rural area. Increased density is

- contradictory to both our plans that were
- developed with the approval of the Alva
- community. Our next objection if this request
- is granted, it will set a precedent that will
- ⁵ forever change the character of Alva.
- When you leave the Verandah shopping plaza and travel one mile north across the river, you
- 8 are in rural country. That extends west into
- 9 Bayshore and east into Hendry County and beyond.
- To allow North River Village 2,500 units on
- 1,200 acres will be the beginning of urban
- sprawl throughout that vast area. How do you
- say no to the next developer who comes to you
- with a unique RPD for the Alva area?
- The third objection is to the transfer of
- density from one or two developments outside the
- 17 Alva planning area to North River Village.
- We're not confused by this. We understand what
- they're trying to accomplish. No matter how the
- numbers are manipulated, the end result is more
- density for us, and we strongly object to that.
- We know why people move to the Alva
- planning area. They move there because they
- want to live in a rural setting. They like the
- open spaces. They like the pastures, the

- fields, the meadows, the orange groves. What we
- would like to have happen is for Bonita Bay to
- follow the Lee Plan for density, apply the Alva
- standards for development, and design a project
- 5 that truly fits into the rural setting.
- 6 He know these are bad economic times and
- the house market crashed, but my understanding
- of history tells me that those who are bold and
- 9 creative enough to design a new product that
- generates a new market, will be the ones that
- best survives the bad times.
- We want them to develop a unique
- development that truly fits our standards for
- the rural area. We ask you to support us in
- this effort. Thank you.
- MR. COCHRAN: Thank you. Rob Andrys.
- MR. ANDRYS: For the record, my name is Rob
- Andrys and I'm past president of Alva, Inc., and
- one of the founding members of it. I'm an
- architect and planner myself.
- We got together to create a plan at the
- urgence of our then county commissioner, Mr.
- Albion, who said you've got to do something,
- you've got to do something. Okay, where do we
- do it. Your boundary of your Alva planning goes

- all the way to 31. Well, okay, that's what we
- were charged with and that's what we did. So we
- defined a vision of how growth, i.e., more
- 4 people, more cars, more congestion, should occur
- 5 in our rural area. So that's an attempt at
- smart growth.
- The emphasis was keeping the region rural,
- 8 and our vision of rural is to define centers of
- ⁹ existing population that is surrounded by
- agricultural and native wild lands, i.e., you
- leave the city and drive into the country, not a
- continuous bunch of homes, nor is it a patchwork
- of Serengeti's.
- Because of Serengeti we have pushed forward
- our new community standards that is going to be
- before you -- was put in last year, so it's
- going to be in front of you very soon.
- Rural is low density. And within our plan
- we're -- we have very strong language of
- anti-sprawl and keeping that edge, not
- leapfrogging. We've looked for balanced growth,
- preserving natural systems, wildlife corridors,
- habitats, agricultural.
- We recognize the importance that Lee County
- has placed on our region with the exceptional

- 1 amount of county-owned parks in our area, the
- new state park of Babcock, the hundreds of acres
- of 20/20 land, the DRGR land. So we see it as
- our duty to preserve and enhance the investment
- by the people of Lee County by keeping Alva
- for rural and open to the public.
- Our plan asks for stewardship of land to
- 8 minimize impacts on historic flow ways, wildlife
- orridors, keeping development away from the
- streams, not allowing developments in the flood
- planes to be filled and raised, causing flooding
- elsewhere.
- We've asked in our standards for
- development that green development be employed
- in green homes, and we're currently going to be
- handing in, I guess today, our new standards for
- the urban core of Alva. The commercial area
- that you're going to see, the Alva River
- ¹⁹ Village.
- So this is precedent setting, in that, we
- allow the additional density, the next bunch of
- developments and they are -- already come in
- front of us and said we want to do another Cape
- Coral here, and then here and then here and
- here.

- We're already dealing with one to one, and
- they're not listening. Mr. Stout was here
- earlier, that's a guy that won't listen, and so
- he did whatever he did, and says, well, if you
- don't like it, we've got our lawyer here, and he
- just told us what's going to happen and we
- ⁷ better like it.
- ⁸ We're trying to defend our rural area, and
- ⁹ I couldn't agree more with Bonita Bay is doing
- here, it's just that the density is all I object
- 11 to.
- MR. COCHRAN: Thank you very much. Nancy
- Rogers.
- MS. ROGERS: Thank you. I'm Nancy Rogers
- and I live in Alva, and I would like to say that
- I agree with what staff says here, that the
- proposed design of the North River Village will
- create residential densities that require the
- installation of potable water and sanitary sewer
- service.
- Unless these services are provided on site,
- this will require that potable water and
- sanitary sewer lines be extended to the subject
- property. This is urban sprawl.
- Although the development may be compact and

- contiguous, the site as a whole is remote and
- not well-integrated with surrounding areas. The
- site is cut off on the south side by the
- 4 Caloosahatchee River. To the north and west are
- state and county roads that act as barriers to
- integration with abutting lands.
- In addition, lands to the east and west of
- 8 the subject property is designated as rural.
- The land to the north across County Road 78 is
- in the density reduction ground water resource
- 11 future land use category.
- Neither of these future land use categories
- would permit development intensities or
- residential density similar to that proposed for
- the North River Village.
- I would like to say one other note with the
- gentleman that you had spoke about there's
- different ways to skin a cat, and I understand
- what you're trying to say, however, those of us
- that live out in the country, we're the cat.
- MR. COCHRAN: Denise Houck.
- MS. HOUCK: Hi, my name is Denise Houck,
- and I'm a life-long resident of Lee County and a
- resident of Alva for the last the last 12 years.
- My husband and I chose Alva over Estero because

- we did not want to live in that type of
- 2 community. We wanted to live in the country.
- Our neighborhood is located about five miles
- east of the North River Village property. And
- when talking to my neighbors, they expressed the
- same concerns that we do over the increased

property that you purchased.

- traffic and the change in the character of our
- ⁸ area.

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Yeah, I know development is inevitable, but increasing density in that area is something that I cannot agree with. More people is more people, is the bottom line. And, no, we don't necessarily want one house on each acre, but we would like you to hold to what's allowed on the

And, yes, downtown Fort Myers is just as close to that property as downtown Alva is, but a traffic jam in downtown Fort Myers doesn't effect me like a traffic jam on State Road 31 will, and over the years I've seen an increase in traffic already without a major development going in, and now we'll be sharing it with more cars.

When the building boom kicks back in, we'll have dump trucks to contend with as well. It

- will be Alico Road all over in North Lee County,
- except there won't be a drawbridge to contend
- with that we'll have that Alico Road did not.
- The proponents of this plan will argue that
- there will be no precedent set here, but all the
- other arguments I've heard today from other
- developments will all say the same thing, just
- 8 down the street they have this.
- ⁹ And considering the Verandah in Fort Myers,
- their point of contention already, the next
- developers will add North River Village to their
- ¹² arguments.
- 13 As far as downtown Fort Myers being closer
- to North River Village than Alva is,
- 15 geographically this may be true, but
- aesthetically, psychologically, environmentally,
- they are a great distance apart. Thank you.
- MR. COCHRAN: Thank you. BJ Gerald.
- MS. GERALD: Good afternoon. My name is BJ
- Gerald. My husband and I have been residents
- 21 and land owners in Alva since 1982. We will
- live there forever, that's because we love the
- rural character of our community.
- We lived across the road from the proposed
- North River Village on North River Road for 19

- years. This beautiful, old-style Florida cattle
- ranch, now the proposed North River Village,
- should have been conservation land in my
- opinion, not a mega development. Changing the
- designation of North River Village from rural
- use to an urban category will set a precedent
- and could be catastrophic for the rural
- 8 community of Alva.
- This proposal does promote urban sprawl.
- The density increase will greatly impact the
- already threatened rural character of North
- River Road, and further impact the often
- neglected wildlife that call that ranch home.
- The Lee Plan and the Alva Community Plan
- should be at least the minimum standard for
- Alva. Please do not promote this density
- increase. Alva does not need to be another
- 18 Estero or Bonita Springs.
- 1'm an active member of Alva, Inc., and the
- vice president. I felt it was a necessity to
- become part of this community organization,
- because it is, as residents, our responsibility
- to help form the future of our backyard.
- And today I am very bothered by Bonita Bay
- segregating Alva from the North Olga area.

- We're all Alva. This development encompasses
- the North Olga, Duke Highway area all the way
- west to State Road 31. And I don't have any
- objection to the development of North River
- ⁵ Village, it is spectacular and they have worked
- with us, but I just have -- I just oppose the
- density increase. Thank you.
- MR. COCHRAN: Thank you. Bill Byrus.
- 9 MR. BYRUS: My name is Bill Byrus. I've
- owned property in Olga for 40 years. I was born
- and raised here in South Florida, and my concern
- is for the quality of life that I've seen
- deteriorate since I was born here, and it's a
- continuing situation and I'd like to put a stop
- to it some way.
- I think Bonita Bay has done an excellent
- job in the developments that they've done in the
- past, and I think that they've got a good plan,
- but I'm opposed to the density. They can do a
- plan and have fewer people out there, which
- creates more and more problems and contribute to
- our deterioration of our lifestyle.
- For that reason I'm opposed to it, but I
- think they're a good company and they are the
- company that can put a proposal together.

- MR. COCHRAN: Thank you. Carl Veaux.
- MR. VEAUX: Mainly a lot of what you've
- heard is what I wanted to say, but I would like
- 4 to disrespectfully (sic) disagree with the
- 5 gentleman from Bonita Bay's company saying that
- 6 he has met with all the environmental groups.
- I belong to the Sierra Club. I belong to
- 8 the Audubon Society. I belong to the south --
- oh, what is it -- the Responsible Growth
- Management Coalition. They have not talked to
- us.
- 12 I respectfully disagree that around the
- Civic Center that's built out. It's not built
- out there. These's horse ranches and farms,
- small farms. This goes for Babcock and Lee
- 16 County; County Commissioners don't want any
- building in Lee County, and I respect them for
- that, but they said, "Oh, it will be there." I
- hope it's not.
- And I looked up rural in the dictionary and
- it says without community. Period. That's what
- 1'm here for. We don't need a community out
- there. We need the fields. We need the
- pastures for the wildlife. And just as Ruby
- said, she saw a deer pass through there. When I

- was working on Babcock Ranch, I talked to a
- 2 person that says he drives 78 daily, and he saw
- more rogue elk there than anywhere else he's
- ever seen. You're taking away the wildlife. I
- speak for the wildlife. I hate to see it
- 6 destroyed.

I speak for the people of Alva who all

- 8 signed the petition. I'm talking here for
- 9 Connie Dennis. Connie Dennis is a teacher in
- Alva. She's lived there 18 years. She is a
- premier teacher out there and she couldn't make
- it because she had to work. She's concerned
- mainly with the traffic on 31, and not being a
- rural area to live.
- And the last thing I have is from the
- president or the chair of the Caloosa Group.
- This is from Ellen Peterson. Ellen Peterson you
- know opened up Fish Eating Creek, and was
- responsible for keeping that co-plan out of
- Glades County. She is the premier Sierra Club
- member and has received many awards for this.
- 22 And she says briefly, Caloosa Group of the
- Sierra Club has asked the development of the
- concept of this community development be
- rebuffed strongly. I know it's weakly by the

staff, but she think it needs to be recommended very strongly that we do not accept this.

Though we have not had sufficient time to review this thoroughly, there is enough of the following type of requirement that we reinforce the belief this intensive type of development is appropriate for the edges -- is not appropriate for the edges of the waterways, which are significantly endangered presently.

Flow ways will be restored if they are found to be insignificant, or be of significant value. How meaningless can one get. Thank you for your time.

MR. COCHRAN: Thank you. Steven Brown.

MR. BROWN: Good afternoon. Steven Brown representing the Conservancy of Southwest Florida, and our 6,000 members in Southwest Florida.

I would like to say that the Conservancy supports staff's recommendation that the commission not transmit this proposed amendment. We've seen Bonita Bay in the past do projects that are of stellar quality, and it's particularly troublesome to see this project coming forward because it represents such a

- diametrically opposed approach. Bonita Bay,
- what they're proposing here is to develop a
- property at approximately 250 percent of the
- allowable residential density, as well as
- 5 creating a new urban center in the Alva
- 6 community.

financially viable.

The Conservancy has repeatedly met with representatives of Bonita Bay and requested a detailing of the factors that necessitate this density increase, and to-date have received no information at all, except to say that they believe that it's necessary to make the project

Bonita Bay purchased this property with a full knowledge of the allowable density and development potential. It may be that Bonita Bay has simply wagered on their ability to convince the commission to increase the profit potential of their investment, and that absent that approval, they may simply have made a bad business investment here.

The Alva community planning effort should not be sacrificed to bail out this applicant in that endeavor. The Alva community has been working diligently for the past several years,

- because I've been working with them, personally,
- for the past two years that I've been with the
- Conservancy, on the development of their
- community plan, and as Ruby pointed out, made
- 5 some significant strides toward that.
- We've recently completed a rural village,
- mixed use overlay district recommendation that
- 8 the community will be submitting for approval,
- ⁹ which will set some guidelines for how the urban
- service area of Alva will be developed, and it
- doesn't turn us back on development, but
- embraces it, and decides where that will occur,
- where intense residential will occur, where
- commercial development will occur.
- When faced with opposition to their plan,
- unfortunately, Bonita Bay took the cynical
- approach of attempting to drive a wedge between
- two groups in this community, and you'll
- probably hear more about that today; that's
- unfortunate, but it's a reality.
- This proposal is not adjacent to Alva
- community, it is a part of Alva community. The
- issue is not that the urban uses, as Mr. DeLisi
- pointed out, will spread to downtown Alva, but
- that it is not necessary. Given the effort the

- Alva community has expended to carefully plan
- for urban uses, focussed in the downtown Alva
- area, this proposal will detract from the
- ⁴ realization of that plan.
- 5 And I would just close by saying that the
- 6 Conservancy supports self-determination of
- ⁷ communities. We work hard to try to assist
- 8 these communities with a strong sense of their
- 9 character and concern for their futures.
- Specifically, we believe that the Alva
- community is deserving of better development in
- their community and development that
- acknowledges and support the Alva Community
- Plan, and we recommend that this body vote to
- recommend to the commissioners that they not
- transmit this amendment to DCA, and I thank you
- again for your indulgence.
- MR. INGE: Mr. Brown, just a second before
- you leave. One statement you made causes me a
- little bit of puzzlement. You said this is
- diametrically opposed to anything else you
- thought Bonita Bay had done, and some of the
- things I saw earlier about the creek trail, and
- improving that; obviously eliminates well and
- septics in one unit per acre subdivision, open

- space, sublift, I would think that some of those
- things would be issues that the Conservancy
- would find acceptable?
- MR. BROWN: Indeed they are.
- MR. INGE: I'm puzzled by your comments
- there.
- 7 MR. BROWN: Well, let me clarify that.
- 8 Maybe I can help you with that. We do not
- 9 oppose that and we do think that those aspects
- of the proposal are to be commended. The
- difficulty we have is with their being developed
- at that density in this area, and you'll hear a
- lot of other people talk to you about the kinds
- of problems that that creates for the community.
- And my charge with the Conservancy is to
- work with communities to engage in the growth
- management process and smart growth, and when we
- have a community that's gone to this length to
- try and to shape the character of their
- community, and then this kind of a proposal
- comes along that flies in the face of that,
- that's something that we oppose.
- MR. INGE: So --
- MR. BROWN: We don't oppose what they've
- done in the past, and we don't oppose

- necessarily the things that they propose to do
- with protecting the creeks, with providing
- access to the public; those are all fine, but we
- think that they can be done, given the density
- 5 that they are allowed on that property.
- MR. INGE: Thank you for clarifying that,
- ⁷ so what I gather is that a lot of environmental
- benefits are, or not a lot, but you're certainly
- happy with those, but it's the density that's
- your main issue?
- MR. BROWN: Absolutely.
- MR. INGE: Okay.
- MR. ANDRESS: And where did you get the 250
- percent; the property is entitled to one unit
- per acre, it's approximately 250 --
- MR. BROWN: There are wetlands on that
- property, and I think Bonita will tell you
- they're entitled to roughly 997 units, given the
- constraints of the wetlands on the property and
- flood planes, and what they're asking for is
- roughly 250 percent of what they're entitled to.
- MR. ANDRESS: Thanks.
- MR. COCHRAN: Thank you. Mr. James
- English, Junior. Mr. English.
- MR. BROWN: Thank you.

- MR. COCHRAN: Thank you. Mr. English.
- 2 MR. NOBLE: I figured it at about 1,000.
- MR. INGE: I'm glad you asked that. I
- forgot about the wetlands.
- MR. ENGLISH: Thank you, Mr. Chairman and
- ladies and gentleman. For the record, I'm James
- ⁷ English from Alva. My mailing address is 17631
- 8 North River Road, Alva, 33920. My family has
- been here for a long time, and we haven't spent
- a whole lot of time opposing development.
- 11 My grandfather on my mother's -- my great
- grandfather on my grandmother's side came to
- Fort Myers in 1872, and my grandfather, Owen
- 14 English, came to the Alva area by box cart in
- 1875. I saw the 1870 census for this area one
- time. It was taken by a man that lived on
- ¹⁷ Sanibel Island.
- He took a census of Lee County, Hendry
- 19 County, Collier County and that part of Monroe
- 20 County down as far as Marathon in the Keys, and
- he counted 107 people. So we've, over the
- years, we've welcomed a lot of folks to this
- area. It isn't my purpose to be here today to
- unwelcome anybody.
- But I did note that staff made no mention

- whatsoever of surface water management problems
- that impact this project. Bonita Bay is getting
- ready to put in a development up there
- consisting, as I understand it, of 55,000 people
- on 1,700 acres -- or 17,000 acres, excuse me.
- 6 All that land is in the Caloosahatchee
- River Valley, the Caloosahatchee watershed, now
- all that water comes off that community has to
- ⁹ flow to the Caloosahatchee River, and quite
- frankly it will, and there isn't adequate
- provision being made to get that water there. I
- know they put in for a permit for their utility
- site, and they've since withdrawn it.
- Well, if that's all the time I got, I might
- as well not wasted my time coming down here, but
- let me say this: There's a lot of surface water
- that's coming down through there, and it's not
- being handled in accordance with the South
- 19 Florida Water Management District's permitting
- criteria.
- 21 And my request here to you this morning, if
- I'm going to have to quit now, is that you
- comply with the staff recommendation that you
- not allow this, and that when you consider it
- again, I'll be back to say a little more.

- MR. INGE: Just a question for you, sir.
- Don't leave yet, Mr. English. So your concern
- is, at least based on the comments you've been
- able to mention, the storm water flows from
- 5 Babcock, I think maybe you said Bonita Bay, but
- you meant Babcock earlier and this North River
- Village Project combined; is that what your
- primary concern is?
- MR. ENGLISH: What you're going to create
- is the same situation you got down here south of
- town now, where they're down there wanting to
- put five, 60-inch culverts under Highway 78
- under 75 to run the water out off of these lands
- on the east side that wasn't properly provided
- for in the beginning, and all they want to do is
- put these culverts under the road.
- They don't want to make any provision for
- the water to get from the west end of the
- culvert to get to the Gulf of Mexico. It can
- just run down through there, run through
- people's houses, through their carports, front
- yards, whatever.
- They don't care, and that's exactly what's
- going to happen here, and I know you'll probably
- have some people get up behind me here and take

- exception to what I've said, but I'm telling you
- the truth. And if this is the kind of
- development you're going to allow out there,
- we've been in agriculture on the same piece of
- 5 ground, my family has, for over 130 years. I'm
- the fourth generation in my family and I've got
- ⁷ children and grandchildren, but if you're going
- 8 to allow this, in due time, and due time won't
- ⁹ take very long, you're not going to have any
- more farm fields and cow pastures and orange
- groves out there, because as an economic matter,
- we're not going to be able to exist.
- We're going to have to leave. If we want
- to continue in agriculture, we're going to have
- to go somewhere else to do it. I appreciate you
- some consideration to some of the rest of us.
- 17 Thank you very much.
- MR. COCHRAN: Jim Mathisen.
- MR. MATHISEN: Good afternoon. My name is
- Jim Mathisen. I live in Alva. I've been down
- here in Florida for about 30 years. I worked
- with the Coast Guard on water pollution all over
- the state as an investigator.
- I live on the Caloosahatchee River and my
- main concern is what's going on with that river,

- and I know we can't stop what the other 23
- municipalities up the line are from central
- Florida down here (inaudible) dumping all their
- water on us, but I think we can control the
- water in our jurisdiction of Lee County.
- And what I'm saying by that, I don't think
- on the Caloosahatchee we need another marina.
- ⁸ Another marina with 2,500 people in there, if
- everybody had a boat, it's going to look like 41
- on rush hour.
- The problem is right now the river is
- dying, seriously dying. I lived on it for less
- than three years, just about three years now,
- and I've -- my alligators have left, they're
- gone. The birds are slowly disappearing. The
- 16 fish are dying.
- The bottom of it now is full of algae.
- We're going to get algae blooms eventually from
- it, and if we keep putting more and more
- developments on it, and more and more marinas
- are going to chase the wildlife away. The
- manatees are coming on the other side of the
- lock just to stay away from another marina.
- You got three marinas coming in down there.
- Let's look at it. You got Sweetwater, which

- Bonita already owns. You've got Steamboat
- coming in there and you got Marina Jacks. Add
- another 500 boats on that marina and we got
- 4 trouble.
- This is our life blood, this river, because
- this river goes to Sanibel, Captiva, Fort Myers
- Beach, and we depend on those folks for our
- 8 development money, taxes, tourists, and the
- 9 Germans don't like to come here and see the dead
- fish on the beach, and I know every once in a
- while I see green and blue stuff, but you know
- what the nice thing is about it? I don't see it
- once they open the locks because they flush it
- all down to Sanibel.
- We're killing it. We're killing the river.
- We don't need another marina, please. Yes, sir,
- any questions? That's all.
- MR. COCHRAN: Thank you very much. Janet
- 19 Tripp.
- MR. TRIPP: Good afternoon. My name is
- Janet Tripp. I live in Fort Myers Shores, one
- of the sprawl areas that's there. It was built
- back in the 70's, maybe even 60's and 50's, and
- I guess maybe at that time people didn't realize
- what would happen. I'm very lucky because I

- happen to live on Santiago Avenue and I am the
- 2 third lot from the river. And as I look over I
- see that beautiful Williams Island.
- I was not made aware or notified about the
- ⁵ building height or anything on Williams Island.
- I don't know. I was aware of the comprehensive
- ⁷ land use change plan, but I was not aware of the
- ⁸ building height. Maybe if things progress, I
- 9 will become more aware of it. I don't know.
- I will start now with I agree with the
- staff's proposal. I belong to the Fort Myers
- 12 Civic Association, and the East Lee County
- Council. I have been a member of the planning
- committee for approximately five years on the
- east Lee County Council, and have been heavily
- involved with the Caloosa Plan, and the
- neighboring plans.
- Alva County Commission has a vision to
- include the residents of Lee County in
- formulating their desires for smart growth
- within their communities. A large amount of
- taxpayers' dollars was spent to include the
- voice of the communities within the plan.
- I personally know because I happen to be
- the treasurer when we did our last plan or

- agreement to the Caloosa Plan, so I mean we were
- very careful. Many meetings were held, everyone
- had the opportunity to voice their opinion and
- eventually the plans were written and presented
- to the county staff. Some were approved, we
- have other ones that have been sitting in there
- ⁷ for a while.
- 8 Alva's plan is known throughout the area,
- and their effort to maintain the rural character
- is heavily supported, most people agree on it.
- Bonita Bay was well-aware of the density issue
- within the Alva Plan, prior to purchasing the
- North River Village parcel.
- By conforming to Alva's plan they have the
- opportunity to build approximately 987 dwelling
- units on that parcel. The Alva plan should be
- upheld.
- The Caloosa Plan which includes various
- communities and abuts Alva's plan, limits
- building heights to three stories or 45 feet,
- whichever is lower. Bonita Bay is requesting a
- building height up to 85 feet.
- I can't believe that they would even
- request that. This is against our plans.
- Please take this into consideration when you

- vote. When Bonita Bay purchased the Verandah
- and the Verandah site, the zoning at the time --
- and let me just stop for a minute. Bonita Bay
- has been a joy to our community. I cannot say
- anything against Verandah, and I've heard
- 6 nothing but good things about many of their
- ommunities. So I want to just make sure you
- understand that. I'm talking about this
- ⁹ comprehensive land use plan.

When they purchased the Verandah site, the

zoning at that time was suburban, one to six

units per acre. Bonita Bay opted to build their

development at one unit per acre with two golf

courses located within the community -- located

within their community.

The request of the zoning changed to

out-lying suburban, the one they're requesting

now of one to two units per acre, in order to

transfer density right from Verandah to North

Village is outlandish. Verandah was suburban

density and North River Village is rural.

Please vote against this request. Please

reject the comprehensive land use plan. Thank

you very much.

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MR. COCHRAN: Thank you, ma'am. Warren

- ¹ Bleckley?
- 2 AUDIENCE MEMBER: He had to leave.
- MR. COCHRAN: Ed Kimball.
- MR. KIMBALL: Good morning. My name is Ed
- ⁵ Kimball. I'm here today as the president of
- East Lee County Council. I would like to make a
- note up front that I'm little concerned about
- 8 having received on Saturday morning the staff
- 9 response to these land use changes. We had no
- opportunity over the weekend to study this.
- There is something really wrong with the
- process where there is no amount of business
- days available to the community to study these
- things between the time that the plan is
- published and this hearing. It concerns me very
- much.
- I will say our organization has
- communities. It has five community plans
- involved, four of which have external rural
- lands. Three of the community plans, Bayshore,
- Buckingham and Caloosahatchee Shores amendment,
- have pass the LPA process with your approval,
- and contains the following language: Community
- plan goal to retain its rural character and
- rural land use where it exists.

Therefore, no land use map amendment to remaining rural lands will be permitted unless a finding of overriding public necessity is made by three members of the Board of County Commissioners.

2.2

The Alva Plan somewhere on your near term calendar, has, as one of its policies, the proposed development will utilize existing density or less if allowed for the subject parcel by the Lee County Land Use Map and plan.

Alva's image as a rural community is well-known to county residents and businesses alike. When the area residents wish to show their guests old Florida, they drive them through Alva. It should be afforded the same degree of consideration as the aforementioned communities.

We would agree with the staff recommendation not to forward these three land use change proposals, Verandah from suburban to out-lying suburban, outer islands to inner islands, and the subject rural to North River Village.

I find it strange that Bonita Bay has a different level of interpretation of what the

- ¹ community views as rural and what they view as
- rural. I also find it strange that they don't
- think our allocation tables are right, and
- they've got experts to tell you that it should
- be something to increase the size of their
- ⁶ project.

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I see little mention about a recent FEMA

8 study for the high flood hazard study that was

produced in the last quarter. I don't know what

the impact of that is in the community. And

their ability to increase the density to north

river land use change proposal, is a direct jump

from rural to, at a minimum. Central urban, for

there is where we find building heights of 85

feet. I would recommend that you reject the

proposal of the land use changes. Thank you.

MR. COCHRAN: Thank you very much.

MR. KIMBALL: By the way, as an aside, I

asked the folks in the community to sign a

petition for those who would oppose it. Now I

don't live in Alva, I live in Fort Myers Shores.

I've got a list of 313 signatures here to

support the contention that this is not a good

plan. You want this?

MR. COCHRAN: Yes, please give it to Paul.

- ¹ Karen Kamener.
- MS. KAMENER: Hi, I'm Karen Kamener, and I
- live in the middle of the DRGR, 660 feet from
- the Charlotte County line between Route 31 and
- ⁵ 75, and I've lived there for 24 years, and I've
- got a lot of stuff to cover, but I'll try to do
- ⁷ it quickly.
- First, I want to read from the Florida
- statutes, 570.70. It says a thriving rural
- economy with a strong agriculture -- well,
- 11 legislature finds and declares that a thriving
- rural economy with a strong agricultural base,
- healthy natural environment and viable rural
- communities is an essential part of Florida.
- Rural areas also include the largest
- remaining ecosystems, and best examples of
- remaining wildlife habitats, as well as a major
- 18 -- I mean, a majority of privately-owned and
- land targeted by local, state and federal
- agencies for natural restoration protection --
- resource protection.
- I'm shaking like a leaf so I'm not reading
- very well. Okay. Then if you go to 163.3246,
- again, of the Florida statutes, it says number
- 12, assure protection of key natural areas and

- agricultural lands that are identified using
- 2 state and local inventories of natural areas.
- 3 Key natural areas include but are not limited to
- 4 -- and I'm just going to focus on one --
- significant surface waters and springs, aquatic
- preserves, wetlands and outstanding Florida
- 7 waters.
- I've been learning about all of this and reading water management permits applications.
- I filed a petition for administrative hearing
- against Babcock. I've learned quite a lot over
- the past two years, and what I'd like to focus
- on is on this piece of property there's a rather
- large floodway, which according to the FEMA
- material, you're not allowed to build there.
- They restrict putting fill in them.
- Based on past lack of enforcement and
- mismanagement of the Bayshore area, and how
- they've allowed various people to pump or put up
- berms and so and so on, my concern is -- because
- we had a meeting with Babcock, and they said
- that they're going to run the sheet flow under
- 31, dig a canal down the east side of 31 and
- dump it into Owl Creek, and Mr. English told me,
- he said his engineer just read the information

that just came out, and they're going to put 75
percent of their water into Trout Creek. So my
concern is -- I did call FEMA, and I asked them
how -- because Bonita Bay wants to do an LOMR,
which is letter of map revision.

Anyway, it says in here they that do small areas. I talked to the girl probably about half an hour, 45 minutes, trying to find out information about how this process takes place, because when you compare -- I've got the FEMA flood map with me if you want to see it, when you compare that flood way where building is not supposed to take place, and then you compare it with the plan for the community, there's going to be a significant reduction.

And I think until everyone, whether it's Water Management, Babcock, Bonita Bay, until they decide what to do with this water, I think we need to rethink what we're doing here.

And I've got 18 inches of water on my property since -- between 10 and 18 inches. Four acres are wet. I have waterfront property technically. When I left today there was seven wood storks up by front gate. I've got an alligator in the front pond and an alligator in

- the back pond, they're only about two or three
- feet. But, again, I would like to see some
- thought put into this, and again when you think
- of society, a lot of things are done by opinion,
- 5 and my opinion is one unit per acre is not
- for rural. One unit on five acres is cutting it
- 7 close. And my opinion of rural is you don't
- see, hear, or smell your nearest neighbor.
- ⁹ Thank you very much.
- MR. COCHRAN: Matt Smith.
- MR. SMITH: Good afternoon. For the
- record, my name is Matt Smith. I'm the
- president of the Concerned Citizens of Bayshore
- 14 Community. We're a 5013C nonprofit civic
- association for the Bayshore area.
- The Bayshore area is approximately 2,300
- homes on about 19 square miles to the west of
- the Alva community. Our common border with the
- 19 Alva community is State Road 31. Now I take
- issue with the statements with the applicant
- that we are built out at 2,300 homes on 19
- square miles.
- We are a very low density rural area, as is
- the Alva community. Make no mistake about it.
- This is sprawl. This is an urban area proposed

- for a very low density area, and it is not
- something that I believe is good public policy.
- I think as leaders in our community, we have to
- be concerned with issues not only for our local
- 5 community but our nation, and let's face it,
- leapfrog development and sprawl such as this,
- makes it difficult to arrange for cost efficient
- ⁸ public transportation, and makes an inefficient
- ⁹ use of our expensive and scarce energy
- resources.
- Lee County has many communities with
- different characteristics to choose from. This
- diversity of choice is a great benefit and asset
- to our county. I submit that it's good public
- policy to maintain this diversity by respecting
- the existing characters of our communities.
- And the constant efforts by Bonita Bay and
- other developers to homogenize our county, does
- a great disservice to this county. Ordinary
- citizens, like myself, rely on the Lee County
- Comp. Plan to guide us in our choice of
- lifestyle.
- Virtually everyone in the Bayshore
- community lives there because we desire and
- value a rural lifestyle. We have a reasonable

- expectation that the land use plan will protect
- our communities from those who want to change to
- a more urban environment. Now I would mention
- in passing that the applicant again said they
- had contacted and worked with many people in the
- 6 area.
- They did not contact our organization, that
- is adjacent to their community, proposed
- ommunity. They did, however, contact somebody
- that was an urban area far to the west of us, so
- they leapfrogged over us to talk to some more
- urban areas, and left us out of the picture
- completely.
- 14 It's inherently unfair and unjust to allow
- one property owner to arbitrarily change the
- character of the community to the detriment of
- its neighbors. These changes due to land
- development, of course, can take many forms.
- 19 Including but not limited to increased traffic,
- increased noise, increased light pollution,
- increased water quality, increased flooding and
- increased taxes.
- We're asking that you recommend against any
- increases in density in any areas that are
- currently considered and classified as rural or

- low density. There are those that believe they
- have a right to profit from the urbanizing in
- commercial rural areas. You see this all around
- 4 the county.
- I don't believe that a land owner has the
- for right to arbitrarily change the existing
- 7 comprehensive land plan just because there's
- 8 potential profit to be made. It must be
- 9 recognized that this profit comes at the expense
- that they bring residents. Neighbors are not
- compensated for these losses. We feel this land
- use change is considered a taking by the
- developer.
- Again, on behalf of the Bayshore community,
- I ask that there be no change in the comp. plan
- that allows this increase in density in the
- proposed North River Village. Thank you very
- much.
- MR. COCHRAN: Thank you. William Fields.
- MR. FIELDS: Thank you. Well, I live on
- Olga Road. I'm William Fields and I live on
- Duke Highway, right behind the project. I'm
- probably one of the people most highly affected
- by the project. Coming up my driveway I have to
- look at the project day in and day out.

When I got up this morning, I woke up this morning about 5:30 because my grandson is staying there and he wakes me up then. The first thing I do every morning, I go riding down the road and feed the donkeys, and this morning we seen a possum. We seen a raccoon. We seen cardinals. We seen a blue jay. We have an owl every morning that flies directly over my head and lets us know he's there. A lot of this will disappear with this.

We moved there 10 years ago. We bought it 15 years ago because stumbled on the piece. We thought it was just magical. It was beautiful out there. It was stunning. We lived in Cape Coral. We always hated Cape Coral, not a little bit, I mean, we really hated Cape Coral. It's a nice enough place, but it just didn't have the feel. And we got out there and we just fell in love with this place. We love our life there.

And you gotta get my wife off my back. She gets up everything morning and yells at me like it's my fault they're putting in 2,500 houses, 25 (sic) residents. She's distraught over it. I'm not real happy.

The watershed problem that goes on and on.

- 1 It seems to me that there was an election not
- too long ago, Republican primary, I think it's
- called where Sellinger was supported and heavily
- financed by Bonita Bay and other developers, and
- Frank Mann was going against him, and it seemed
- everyone in our area thought it was really an
- ⁷ election about North River properties, because
- 8 Sellinger was going to support it, and Frank
- 9 Mann was going to support against it.
- Well, 3 to 1 it was gone against by the
- people of Alva. I mean, that alone shows what
- the people of Alva thought, and it's all about
- density. It's all about density. It's all
- about traffic increase.
- Urban sprawl is a funny word, you know.
- How you can use -- what was I thinking -- how
- you can use the word increase in density and
- smart growth in the same sentence is just mind
- boggling for me, and somehow it's been perceived
- 20 as this. Anyway those are my thoughts, and I
- thank you for your time on this.
- MR. COCHRAN: Thank you very much. Betty
- Warden.
- MS. WARDEN: Hi. My name is Betty Warden
- and I live in Alva. I live next door on Terrell

Road next door to where they're building, and I'm just listening to everything and I agree with everything that has been said.

I have seen the river go from being able to catch off of my dock red fish and snook, to cashing gar. I've seen turkey walking down my road, and deer crossing the highway and gopher turtles crossing the highway to no more.

I don't know where they've gone, you know, and it's like, okay, what's going on? You know, I still see turkeys out in the fields and things like that, but that will be gone to. So I am against an increase out there because it is a beautiful area and it's part of Fort Myers that needs to be kept beautiful.

And I do think Bonita Bay is a great builder and they're doing a great job of trying to do this, but I don't understand why when they went into this project, and they knew exactly how many houses they could build, why are they trying to increase it? Did they go into it knowing that they could come here and increase it? Is that why they did it?

I mean, now they say they can't build this if they can't get the increase. Well, why did

- they buy originally? My mother told me to count
- all the costs before I purchased something. Why
- didn't they count all the costs before they
- ⁴ purchased it? And that's just what I had to
- say.
- MR. COCHRAN: Thank you very much. Melinda
- ⁷ Brown.
- MS. BROWN: Hi. I, too, have lived in Alva
- my entire life, and have chosen to raise my
- children in Alva and plan on being there for a
- very long time, and things like this -- when I
- was growing up, I've lived in the same home my
- entire life. When I was growing up, my mom used
- 14 to say to me, "This isn't always going to be
- this way. One day you'll probably see a
- subdivisions in this area." I was little. I
- was scared to death of subdivisions. I didn't
- know what they were.
- And you know, I still -- it's a shame to
- say that I'm still scared of subdivisions on
- this level because the area I've chosen to live,
- I've chosen to raise my family, and maybe my
- kids will want to raise theirs, is rural Alva,
- and they said they want to create a community.
- I don't think you can create a community

- 1 like the community we have in rural Alva
- already, where people have lived there their
- entire lives. They plan on living there with
- their kids, and their kids, and I just don't
- think that you can create that with today's
- money and today's builders, and the type of
- ⁷ amenities that they propose.
- I think that comes with something deeper,
- and it's the type of life that we live in Alva,
- and I just really hope that it stays that way,
- and with increased density I see increased --
- with 2,500 homes I see 5,000 cars.
- My kids, it's so wonderful to let them ride
- their bikes down the road and not worry about
- them so much, but with what they bring to the
- neighborhood, and what they bring to the area,
- it makes you feel like you just don't have that
- sense of security that you had -- that we've had
- and I've had my entire life. I just hope that
- they put a lot of thought into this before they
- make the decision. Thank you.
- MR. COCHRAN: Okay. Ellen Erickson.
- MS. ERICKSON: Hi, I'm Ellen Erickson.
- I've been a resident of East Lee County since
- 1972. We moved to Alva three years ago for the

- rural lifestyle. I think Bonita Bay is a great
- developer. My opposition is the density. All
- of us who buy property know what the density is.
- We do not try to double and triple density.
- They know what they bought, and I think it
- should be held to the one home per acre.

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If you'll look just for a second to the two photos I've looked at for five hours behind you, and the awe factor. This is awe factor we have in Alva and we don't want to lose that.

And when they said they're mid-way between Fort Myers and Alva, on the map they are, but they're worlds apart. We all moved there for the same reason, or most of us did. The wall they talked about, the green wall on the map is not a green wall that divides us. It's a green wall that keeps us together. We love our parks and green area out there and all the wildlife.

The density would increase the traffic tremendously, and I know the platter. They're adding things to the platter. The platter gets heavier and heavier. They'll do this and they'll do that, but it will ruin our area. Please make them keep the density to one home per area. Thank you very much.

- MR. COCHRAN: Thank you. Frank Musco.
- MR. MUSCO: My name is Frank Musco and I
- live at the corner of North Olga Drive and Duke
- 4 Highway. I'm going to make it short and sweet.
- 5 There's been a lot of conversation, a lot of
- thoughts, a lot of opinions. The only opinion
- ⁷ that I have is that the increased density is
- going to increase traffic, and with traffic
- ⁹ there will be problems along with other things
- that will come that way.
- I have a concern also about the water and
- the river because I do live on the river. I've
- been out in Alva now about 15 years, been in Lee
- 14 County for almost 30, so I hope that Bonita Bay
- listens to what they're hearing. They're a good
- company. They develop well, but in this
- particular case, my main objection is the
- increase in density. Thank you.
- 19 MR. COCHRAN: Thank you. Jim Green.
- MR. GREEN: Good afternoon. My name is Jim
- Green. I live in Alva, and I have property
- about a quarter mile east of North Olga Road.
- I'm a realtor and developer, and while I depend
- on growth for my livelihood, I believe growth
- must be balanced with not destroying the quality

- of life. I've been active in East Lee County
- planning for over ten years. I welcomed Kitty
- Green and Verandah when they came, and I
- believed that was a great thing for East Lee
- ⁵ County.

I'd also like to point out that the LPA and

the Board of County Commissioners and your

predecessors, in my opinion, have made the right

9 calls on East Lee County and we thank you for

that. You've helped us maintain our quality of

life and preserve our rural character, and I

hope that you will see fit to continue to do the

 13 same.

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I commend the staff on their thorough and professional analysis of the proposal and their wisdom and courage to call a spade a spade.

Urban sprawl is urban sprawl. They left unspoken this morning, if you have a chance to go through the written word that they provided, you'll see other very succinct comments that I

Their proposal is inconsistent with the surrounding area. The approval would be precedent setting for conversion of more rural lands to urban, and I might also add it might be

agree with, and I believe are very pertinent.

- precedent setting for permitting more urban
- sprawl in other areas of Lee County. There is
- no demonstratable need for new urban areas, and
- the property is in one of the last truly rural
- ⁵ areas of Lee County.
- You've heard many speakers stating their
- opposition to the proposed amendments,
- 8 coinciding with staff's written recommendations;
- the Alva community, many North Olga residents,
- 10 East Lee County Council, the Concerned Citizens
- of Bayshore, the Conservancy of Southwest
- Florida, the Responsible Growth Management
- 13 Coalition, the Sierra Club.
- 1'd like to acknowledge Bonita Bay's
- history of offering quality development, and I
- think you've heard from everybody here, nobody
- -- everybody believes Bonita Bay is a quality
- 18 organization that builds a good product. The
- problem is it's in the wrong place. It's just
- in the wrong place.
- Why are we here? What's before us? In my
- opinion this is not an entitlement issue. It's
- not a property right. It's a gift. It's a gift
- to Bonita Bay Group, paid for at the expense of
- the residents of East Lee County. I recommend

- the staff endorse -- excuse me -- I recommend
- the LPA endorse the staff's recommendation not
- 3 to transmit the proposal.
- If it is transmitted, I would add or
- ⁵ request that you add to the conditions maximum
- allowable density as were currently planned, and
- building heights as currently planned, and my
- remaining 10 seconds I'll present a scientific
- ⁹ test to prove North River Village is in fact
- urban sprawl.
- Mr. DeLisi has helped me structure this
- with some background work. This is a scientific
- testing field in which I have significant
- experience, although I do not wish to be
- established as an expert today. The hypothesis
- for the test is as follows: One can ascertain
- the true nature of an object by observing the
- object's readily identifiable traits.
- This test is sometimes used to counter
- abstruse arguments by developers that something
- is not what it appears to be. The scientific
- name is the duck test. If it looks like urban
- sprawl, sounds like urban sprawl, the staff
- experts say it's urban sprawl, it probably is
- urban sprawl. Thank you.

- MR. COCHRAN: Richard Durling.
- 2 AUDIENCE MEMBER: He was here earlier but
- 3 left.
- MR. COCHRAN: Tom Mulling.
- MR. MULLING: Mulling.
- MR. COCHRAN: Mulling.
- 7 MR. MULLING: Good afternoon. I'm Tom
- 8 Mulling and I've lived in North Olga for 28
- years, been a resident of Lee County for 50
- years. I am current president of the North Olga
- 11 Community Association. We feel that there's a
- difference between Olga and Alva.
- We've worked on our history, both towns are
- established about the same time along the river
- as a waterway to get all the produce,
- vegetables, lumber and cattle back into Fort
- Myers to be shipped.
- We lost our bridge when they widened the
- river and deepened it during the cold war of the
- 50's. When they put the cross state barge canal
- in to get the goods from the Atlantic to Gulf of
- Mexico quicker, that kind of separated North
- Olga and South Olga. We are very much
- interested in the history, character, the safety
- of our community.

We feel it's a beautiful place, and we want to enhance it. So far in our community we have adopted seven miles of State Road 78 that we keep cleaned up. We also are now putting in crime watch in our area.

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We, our organization is open to every -anyone that wants to join and the people that
has joined in our meeting. We whole-heartedly
endorse this Bonita Bay North River Village. We
think it will be an extension to our community.

Our community for the last few years, all the houses and homes that's been built in our area has been from the \$400,000 to over \$1 million homes. One of the reasons that we formed the North Olga Association was we needed some vast improvements in our road system.

We had been stymied for over ten years trying to get some road work done. Finally we was able to break through the red tape and the politics and get the road work completed. The gentleman talked about the marina, didn't need anymore marinas on the river.

Owl Creek has been a marina for many, many years, been a boat works and a marina and a boat storage place. Bonita Bay will enhance that

marina. One of the things that is proposed is

to take the damn out of Owl Creek. Years ago

there was a weir or damn, or whatever you want

to call it, put in Owl Creek so they could have

a fresh water storage space; that's all going to

be taken out and the creek is going to be put

 7 back to its natural area.

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North Olga is nine miles from Alva, and nine miles is from here to Daniels Road basically; that's how far we're separated, and we feel that we should have a voice in our community. We love our community.

And my last note, about two weeks ago it was mine and my wife's 50th wedding anniversary, took her out to dinner. I drove 47 miles round trip to get to an upscale restaurant. It cost me just about as much in gas as it did for dinner.

Now, with the new approach that Bonita Bay has to this development where they're going to open all the public amenities to the public, upscale restaurant and marina and all the shops and everything, again, we whole-heartedly, 100 percent of the North Olga Community Association, we back this thing and encourage you to approve

- it. Thank you very much. Any questions?
- MR. COCHRAN: No. Cheryl Quillen.
- MS. QUILLEN: Hello. My name is Cheryl
- Quillen, myself and my husband live in Alva.
- We're approximately two miles east of the Alva
- 6 middle school. I would like to quickly as
- possible, go over the past history that brought
- me in front of you today, possibly give you some
- 9 insight on why today's decision is so important
- for all of us, especially the folks of East Lee
- 11 County.
- As I mentioned we live in Alva. It's our
- homestead, and we also own other properties in
- Lee County. We are very committed to Lee
- 15 County, and during 2001 to 2006, we had over 350
- employees in Lee and Collier County annually --
- residents annually.
- We currently employ just over 200
- residents. With that large of a deduction, it
- has caused us great certain and pushed us to get
- involved to somehow make a difference.
- 22 Previously to this point in 25 years of small
- business, we never got involved, or had to get
- involved, in county politics. It's been
- frustrating, somewhat interesting, but being

- politically correct was never my strong point,
- and I have personally had my struggles with
- this, so I'd appreciate it if you will bear with
- 4 me.
- I feel I have to be involved because I owe
- it to the employees that haven't left Lee
- County, or as we unfortunately call it, ground
- ⁸ zero. My husband and I are proud members of the
- 9 North Olga Association, Alva Inc., Alva Middle
- School and Bishop Vero PTO, East Lee County
- Business Council and Lee County Public Issues
- 12 Committee.
- This is taking quite a bit of our time, but
- as we know, there's a lot at stake. My husband
- and I have attended several of the meetings with
- neighbors and other concerned folks from the
- area.
- When it was officially announced, my
- husband and I were very excited that Bonita Bay
- was going to be developing in our area because
- we know of Bonita Bay's excellent reputation and
- the commitment to the area in which they build,
- and their national recognition for the
- environment.
- This was the first time that we actually

had a chance to be involved with them prior to starting a project. Once we had the chance to meet with them, they didn't disappoint us with their commitment to our neighborhood, the quality of their project, their sincere concern on what issue items that were important to us as residents.

Equally important were the fact that there were actual homes being built in their communities and may provide us with some desperately needed work for our employees.

After these meetings they actually revised their plans several times, different times, to address all of the issues that the community have brought up. We have yet to hear the word no come from anyone representing Bonita Bay Group when being ask if there was something else the community and its residents envisioned.

We have never been involved with a developer that was so concerned about what the residents wanted. It was completely refreshing and quite frankly unprecedented. I would like to share with you some examples that were brought up that Bonita Bay has incorporated in their plan: The public access to the river and

- its amenities. First time ever for a Bonita Bay
- job, an equestrian trail, wildlife corridor, no
- significant berms or massive gates as seen in
- Naples, enhanced fire protection, new growth,
- 5 actual living growth and the use of existing
- creeks for kayaking, protecting, improving our
- most cherished asset, the Caloosahatchee River.
- When the Duke Highway residents who wanted
- bo see the fronts of homes across the road
- rather than pool cages, Bonita Bay modified that
- particular section of the division. When the
- president, Ruby, requested that green homes be
- built with the Florida green standard building,
- they did it without hesitation.
- When the residents along 78 asked them to
- create setbacks on North River Road to preserve
- rural character of the area signature road, they
- again immediately changed their plan to
- accommodate those folks.
- All of us residents have been given the
- opportunity to make an impact on this community,
- to have their say. We're thankful and proud
- that Bonita Bay has allowed us this opportunity
- to actually contribute to their plan. We really
- feel we have made an impact in our contribution

- for the North River Village. We believe that
- together as people of this area working with
- Bonita Bay that we have set a standard for our
- area, a standard that's long overdue and very
- 5 much needed.

their plan.

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The comp. plan amendment that is before you today is the result of a three-year process, and throughout that time, Bonita Bay Group went well above and beyond to listen to the residents for suggestions, and they applied those wishes into

Bonita Bay River Village has everything that our community desperately needs. They are a financial, stable developer. They have guaranteed to maintain a rural character and beauty of our area. They'll create much needed jobs, and has the community participation. A developer that has a proven track record locally, and last but not least, they are committed to the neighborhood and its neighbors.

As a property owner of Lee County, I am requesting that you approve the comp. plan amendment including North River Village. In regards to Mr. Smith stating that Bonita Bay has not made themselves available to them or has not

- attended their meeting, I would like say in the
- past year I have personally e-mailed the
- Bayshore Group with the current members and
- 4 phoned them without success. So I find it very
- 5 hard to believe that Bonita Bay has not made the
- same attempt that I have. Thank you.
- MR. COCHRAN: Thank you.
- 8 MR. LOVELAND: I need to make a quick
- announcement. There is a white suburban in the
- parking lot, license plate EN48S, with its
- lights on. Thank you.
- MR. COCHRAN: Thank you. We needed that
- break anyway. Dennis Van Roekel.
- AUDIENCE MEMBER: He's gone.
- MR. COCHRAN: Glenn Cary.
- MR. CARY: My name is Glenn Cary. My
- family has lived in the Olga area for two years
- short of 100 years. They first settled in South
- Olga and moved across the river around 1920, but
- what I want to talk to you today about is the
- history of North Olga.
- Through 90 percent of this discussion
- everybody's referring to Alva. Well, Alva never
- has been part of North Olga, or Olga at all.
- There were two separate communities established

in the 1880's. Alva was established first, Olga second. Alva got the first bridge across the Caloosahatchee River, and the second bridge was put in in Olga. Then in the 1950s when the dredging came along, they took that bridge out and opened the Wilson Puckett Bridge and that created North Olga. Before that north and South Olga communities were basically one in the same.

In North Olga over the years we've had four different schools in that area. We've had churches, we've had libraries. On the south side they've had three schools in that area; had nothing to do with Alva whatsoever. We've always been Olga and always will be Olga.

I won't bore you with a lot of history today, but back in the old days, if you wanted to get to Fort Myers from Punta Gorda, there were no bridges across the river, no way to get south. So you'd get on a horse and buggy or a stage coach, or if you were lucky enough to have an automobile, you could come down to Punta Gorda on the rail, get in the vehicle that you were using, go to Bermont station, which is the north edge of Babcock Ranch, and come down 31 and hit the river, go through North Olga to Alva

- across the road, came back down and went around
- Buckingham back into Fort Myers. That was the
- only way to get into Fort Myers. When North
- Olga got their bridge, that saved about 15 miles
- of travel going to Alva and coming back to get
- into Fort Myers.
- Like I say we've had schools there. We've
- ⁸ had schools for the colored people, as well as
- white people. There's a long, long history of
- that area, all of the little small communities
- of Caloosa, Old Juanita, Realto, Idalia and Olga
- were all landings where people would bring their
- produce and their oranges to put onto the boats
- to be shipped over to come into Fort Myers, to
- either go to Key West or up to Tampa for the
- market. Yes, sir?
- MR. COCHRAN: One minute.
- MR. CARY: One minute. Thank you very
- much. I appreciate it.
- MR. COCHRAN: No, go ahead.
- MR. INGE: You have a minute left.
- MR. CARY: I know I had a minute.
- MR. INGE: No, you have a minute left to
- 24 go.
- MR. COCHRAN: One more to go.

- MR. CARY: I understand that, but I don't
- have anymore to say.
- MR. INGE: We were learning about the
- 4 history, so it's kind of worth listening to you.
- MR. CARY: Well, I'll give you a two-hour
- 6 discussion.
- MR. COCHRAN: No, that's all right. Are
- you for or against the proposal?
- 9 MR. CARY: I'm for it.
- MR. INGE: That's what I thought.
- MR. COCHRAN: Cheri Mulling.
- MS. MULLING: Hi, my name is Cheri Mulling,
- and as Mr. Cary and Mr. English, my family has
- been a lifetime resident of Fort Myers. My
- grandfather has a historical site on McGregor
- Boulevard, as he ran Slater's sawmill when it
- 17 was in North Fort Myers.
- I don't know how many times my aunt has
- told us that Thomas Edison gave her her diploma
- when she graduated from high school. Therefore,
- we've sign a lot of changes in Fort Myers from
- way back. I have been a resident of North Olga
- for 26 years, and I also live on Duke Highway.
- I have seen a lot of changes and a lot of
- good things and a lot of bad things. I have

- seen our little area grow from what we had,
- what, maybe ten houses to we have, what, maybe
- 25 houses now, and you know that was sad for me,
- because I lived out there for so long and then
- ⁵ everybody else came out and they've all built
- 6 also.
- The thing is, I still see gophers in my
- ⁸ vard. I still see alligators. Otters run
- 9 across my back pasture, and I really think that
- the Bonita Bay Group will do a great job with
- their development. As far as septic tanks and
- wells that's a problem that really bothers me.
- 13 I wish that you would propose that they could
- bring in sewer and water.
- As you know, I don't know if you read in
- the newspaper that Mediterranean (sic)
- development actually developed a way to conserve
- water. They have -- they water their lawns
- through satellite, and the lawns only are
- watered when they need to, and if they don't
- need to, the water doesn't come on.
- I figured if they did that in one
- community, they would be able to do it into
- another community, and if they decided, then why
- not the North River Village? And I just know

- there's a lot of, I don't know, a lot of things
- have been said, and I know that we have our
- groups in the North Olga Association, which I'm
- a member of, and we don't -- there is really not
- a wedge between the two groups, as was said
- earlier, we only developed the group in order
- for us to be able to have a decision as to what
- goes in our area, as to what goes into, say, my
- ⁹ backyard.
- I am actually the one that, like Bill and
- others who are here have to live there, so I
- figured that if I have to live in an area and
- somebody wants to develop it, might as well be
- Bonita Bay. So what I'm trying to propose to
- you, I guess, is to urge you to approve this
- project, and that's all I have to say.
- MR. COCHRAN: Thank you.
- MS. MULLING: Thank you.
- MR. COCHRAN: Frank Jenkins.
- MR. JENKINS: Hi, I'm Frank Jenkins, past
- president -- past, past president three times,
- of the Lee Building Industry Association, and
- 1'm the president of Harborside Custom Homes.
- I'm here today to support Bonita Bay Group, the
- developer that has supported me and my family,

- as well as thousands of people in this community
- they've supported. I've been a builder in many
- of the Bonita Bay communities for the past
- decade. I can testify that they have
- ⁵ consistently done an outstanding job with
- environmental responsibility, attention to
- detail, and creating an exceptional quality of
- life for the residents and the communities they
- 9 serve.
- They have received local, national and
- international awards, as you've heard, for
- setting new standards, and North River Village
- will once again raise the bar with green
- building, which I'm a green builder as well; a
- clean marina and wildlife corridors, which I can
- testify I've been -- like I said I built a lot
- of their communities.
- I go in and I see deer, alligator. I've
- seen quails walking across the street. You're
- not going to lose the wildlife, actually they'll
- be protected, so, low impact water management
- techniques and much, much more.
- I ask that you please approve the North
- River Village, and a little side note, if
- anybody wants to know about the quality of

- water, just drive up the Moore Haven right now
- and look at the water coming out of the damn
- right now; that's where the water quality issues
- 4 lay.
- MR. ANDRESS: What part of Lee County do
- ⁶ you live in?
- MR. JENKINS: I live off of Daniels on two
- 8 and-a-half acres. I actually bought out there
- knowing that two developments were going to come
- in, one right across the street and one down the
- road, and it actually enhanced my property.
- MR. ANDRESS: How do you balance the needs
- and wants of the community against such a large
- increase in density proposed? Any ideas about
- that, how to be fair to that community and still
- put over double the density that's already
- approved for that area?
- MR. JENKINS: Just the way they're
- proposing to do the development and bring in all
- the -- open it up to the public and so forth.
- Like I say, I have a development right across
- the street from me, with high density Piseo, the
- people that I actually bought it from, they
- moved out of there, knowing that was going to
- come. It didn't bother me. I bought two

- and-a-half acres. I'm a country boy myself.
- I'm from Kentucky, but to move on, I wanted that
- country setting, but I knew that was going to be
- across the street from me. It doesn't bother me
- one bit. I've got my own little piece of
- paradise, and, yes, somebody can build in my
- backyard, but you know what, I'll build a hedge
- if I have to. I don't know if that answered
- ⁹ your question?
- MR. ANDRESS: I didn't mean to put you on
- the spot.
- MR. JENKINS: No, that's okay.
- MR. ANDRESS: But that's what we're trying
- to balance here.
- MR. JENKINS: Right.
- MR. ANDRESS: Thank you.
- MR. COCHRAN: Debra Van Roekel.
- MS. VAN ROEKEL: My name is Debra Van
- Roekel and I live on North Olga Drive. I've
- lived there for 30 years. My husband and I are
- both veterinarians, so we're used to the rural
- atmosphere and we love it out there.
- Unfortunately right now I think what should
- 24 drive us, as well as the whole country, is the
- economics of this. We need jobs in this area.

- Even my own client base is leaving me, so I hope
- that with that development there's going to be
- more jobs and more clients for me to keep me in
- business because mine are leaving right along
- with everybody else.

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And I certainly welcome the fact that

there's going to be shopping and there's going

8 to restaurants very close to me. My husband and

⁹ I were talking about this today, you know,

everybody complains about the traffic. Of

course we travel 80 lots because our business is

large animal veterinarians, and we really, since

that development has come about, have not

noticed any increase in traffic.

Another thing I think, as I'm sure everybody in the Alva/Olga community is very thrilled, to have the new Publix and the shops that are at the Verandah, so I personally are in favor of having this development in my area.

MR. COCHRAN: Thank you. Dennis Pearlman.

MR. PEARLMAN: Good afternoon, or early evening. I would like to echo on some of the comments made by the citizens here today, even the ones that are opposed to the plan, regarding the integrity of Bonita Bay, and the process

- that they went through to talk about this comp.
- plan amendment. My name is Dennis Pearlman.
- I've lived in Lee County for 15 years, along
- with my wife. We're raising three young boys;
- ⁵ 13, 11 and 7; and 10 of those I spent as the
- executive director for then state attorney Joe
- D'Allesandro, so I had the opportunity to see
- our county grow in Lee, Charlotte, Collier,
- 9 Hendry and Glades.

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For the past five years I've worked as president for a local employee benefits company, so I've seen the impact of that growth on our local businesses. Because of that private, public blend of experience that I have, I was invited to participate in the community process regarding North River Village, a process that I understand had over 300 other citizens involved in it, and took upwards of three years to seek a shared vision and solicitation of our ideas for our shared community.

It gave me pause to come here, and for several reasons why I felt compelled to address this panel today. First, I appreciate the fact that Bonita Bay is a local company with many of its employees living and working in the

- ¹ communities that they create. Local people,
- local commitment, local acceptance of the
- responsibilities of building consensus with
- ⁴ neighbors. So, in other words, in my opinion
- ⁵ doing the right thing for our community. And I
- think that's been echoed here several times
- ⁷ today.
- Second, in the case where I mentioned I'm
- raising three boys, there's dwindling access to
- our creeks and rivers. The fact that they're
- going to have public access and facilities
- enabling someone like myself, who currently does
- not live in that community, to access to this
- beautiful part of that county is exciting for
- 15 me.
- And third I mentioned local people with a
- 17 local commitment. If we look at other Bonita
- Bay communities, you look at the jobs they've
- created, tax base they support, and the
- consensus building that they foster, I believe
- that history tells me that they'll deliver on
- the promises.
- And as a prime example of that collaborated
- effort, look at their original and legacy
- community Bonita Bay. They are still involved

- in that community over 20 years later, so I
- would ask that you would consider approving the
- amendment to the comp. plan. Thank you.
- MR. COCHRAN: Thank you. R.J. Cloinski?
- 5 AUDIENCE MEMBER: Not here.
- MR. COCHRAN: Not here. Bob Barber?
- AUDIENCE MEMBER: He left.
- 8 MR. COCHRAN: Rob Cary -- Robbi.
- 9 MS. CARY: Hi. I'm Robbi Cary, and I live
- out in Alva and I am also with the North Olga
- 11 Association. I feel like this is a fairly
- complicated issue. Our -- I wrestle with this
- decision, and the issue that's before us myself.
- Our group has wrestled with the issue over and
- over again, and a couple things that I would
- like to point out are, we talk about it being a
- rural area, and it is right now.
- Unfortunately, most of the farmers and
- ranchers have already been driven out from the
- area, and those that are still there are biding
- their time until they leave.
- Ideally it would be great if we could have
- developers come in and do what we're talking
- about of, you know, sticking by the one unit per
- one acre, and -- but then still setting aside

- environmental lands and having public access,
- but developers don't do that. And one of the
- issues that keeps coming out before our group
- that we continue to talk about is -- and I'm
- 5 going to read from my statement.

- We've had developers coming out our way 7 mainly from out of state. They scrape the land, they put in their plots, their homes, and they
- The developers meet the current density
- requirement, which I wish it wasn't one unit per
- 11 one acre, but they meet those current density
- 12 requirements but then they don't benefit our
- 13 area in any way. They come in, strip the land,
- 14 sell to other investors, not necessarily home
- 15 owners who are just out for the personal gain.
- 16 One development out our way sold out in one
- 17 weekend and they were having a party to
- 18 celebrate their financial windfall. Shortly
- 19 after that, the development now sits almost
- barren, having been cleared and cut into the 20
- approved one-acre parcels.
- 22 Bonita Bay is to us what we call a neighbor
- 23 developer. They put down roots in their
- 24 communities that they build. They ask for and
- 25 seek input from area residents. They provide

- ongoing, positive support. I don't understand
- all the economics of what it is they want to do.
- If they're talking about bringing in water and
- sewer, my brain tells me that's probably a good
- ⁵ idea at this point.
- We've had other people get up here earlier
- in the day that said their communities are still
- ⁸ waiting 40 years to get water and sewer, and
- 9 Bonita Bay is offering to bring that in.
- They're offering to clear out the creek to make
- the environmental enjoyable, so that we can
- actually enjoy the amenities, the marina, the
- 13 river.
- So it's a tough issue, I can't believe -- I
- never in my life thought I would be speaking for
- a developer. My mom's probably rolling over in
- her grave right now, but I like Bonita Bay, and
- I don't -- those other developments, they
- haven't done anything for us, and I know that
- Bonita Bay will. Thank you.
- MR. COCHRAN: Thank you. Joseph Sterlacci.
- MR. STERLACCI: My name is Joe Sterlacci.
- I live on Duke Highway. I've -- one of the --
- I'd like to take this from an economic
- perspective, some of the things I've heard

- today. We have a local developer who invests
- 2 probably over the next three to five years, \$100
- million in our community to do the
- infrastructure. We talk about \$20 million,
- ⁵ approximately, these numbers are in impact fees.
- I heard one of the engineers say \$23
- million for transportation fees. Add valorem
- 8 taxes of \$40 million, create 3,000 jobs at a
- ⁹ time when Collier County -- I'm sorry -- Lee
- 10 County has probably lost 20,000 people, because
- most of the subcontractors that I've used in the
- past have all moved to the Carolinas or Alabama
- or Mississippi to find work. It's a matter of
- economics.
- Now Mr. Andress asked the question about
- how do they justify -- how could we possibly
- justify the two and-a-half times density. Well,
- if you want water and sewer, if you want the
- roads repaired or increased, if you want all
- these advantages, they have to have some, some,
- bonus in my opinion.
- To penalize them -- they stay in projects
- for 20, 25 years. The last thing in the world I
- want to see is them get involved in a project
- and not have it be financially viable for them.

- I want them to make money. I want them to be
- successful, because they, in turn, will provide
- the things for us. We talk about forming a
- river institute, talking about doing things to
- improve the area, clean out the creeks, possibly
- a location for some community services there,
- ⁷ public access.
- The very thing -- the very thing that the municipality is charged with providing, they're
- doing. I mean, they're providing a lot of
- advantages to the community, to the public. A
- 12 lot of -- they're privately owned. They bring
- jobs.
- They're going to keep 50 percent of it in
- open space. You'll drive along 78, you will not
- be able to probably even see the project, so all
- the rural character concerns have been met. I
- vote in favor. I'd appreciate if you would vote
- in favor of the 2,500 units.
- The other thing I'd like to say is most of
- the opposition that you've heard today, with the
- exception of just a couple of people, don't even
- live in our area. They live nine miles away.
- They live on the south side of the river. They
- live in other areas, and they're being very

- vocal about what should be done. When I pick up
- my newspaper, I look, like, Bill, I look exactly
- at this project. When I asked them to rearrange
- those buildings there so I'd have a buffer, a
- 5 road, and then frontage of houses equivalent to
- mine, they accommodated me in a heartbeat.
- 7 They've accommodated everyone that's had a
- 8 concern.
- Because of that level of cooperation, and
- you heard Mr. Noble say it earlier, the level of
- cooperation he's gotten from them, if you don't
- approve this, I don't see how you can approve
- any development that comes in front of you that
- brings these kinds of advantages to the
- community. I encourage you to vote for it.
- 16 Thank you.
- MR. COCHRAN: Guile Anderson.
- (No response.)
- MR. COCHRAN: Larry Nisbet.
- MR. NISBET: Good evening -- yeah, good
- afternoon.
- MR. COCHRAN: Whatever.
- MR. NISBET: I pity you. I'm actually here
- just for two aspects. I won't take much of your
- time. One of my fire commissioners asked me to

- bring a letter to the commission here to -- for
- the review of his personal views in the project,
- and I told him I would do so.
- The other aspect is I just want to let you
- know on a public safety aspect the North River
- Willage Project lies completely within the
- ⁷ Bayshore fire district. The Bonita Bay
- 8 community, as well as the staff of Lee County,
- have met with us, have identified those needs,
- and Bonita Bay community has identified
- proactive steps, including to the point of
- location of a fire station on Highway 31, if the
- project would progress, but both -- we're
- committed to working with both sides on whatever
- needs to be done to protect our community as a
- whole.
- MR. COCHRAN: Thank you.
- MR. INGE: You have that letter? Pass it
- ¹⁹ up.
- MR. COCHRAN: Andy Tilton.
- MR. TILTON: Good afternoon. Andy Tilton,
- for the record. I live at 18810 Serenova Court,
- and some might ask, well, where is that? I have
- an Alva zip code. I have an East Fort Myers
- phone number and I live on the north side of the

- river. I live in North Olga. Some people's
- definition of neighbor can be different than
- other people's definition. My south property
- line is one of the north property lines of this
- project, so I think I qualify as a neighbor.
- I'm a lifelong resident of Lee County. I'm
- a short time resident of North Olga. I only
- 8 moved out there in '91, so I've only been there
- ⁹ a little while.
- When I moved out there, there was a
- discussion of -- some of you on the group
- probably remember there was a discussion of a
- beltway around Lee County, 78 was a part of that
- beltway. So I went to the far end of the
- street, and I saw there was some trees there,
- and I knew there was vacant land all around it.
- Vacant land rarely stays vacant.
- I said I'm going to leave my house up near
- the road and leave the trees in behind it so I
- have a buffer. When I heard that Bonita Bay was
- going to purchase this property and develop on
- it, I couldn't have been happier, because I've
- watched what they've done as far as development,
- clustering their development. They're putting
- an additional buffer behind the subdivision that

- I live in, which is North River Oaks. I don't
- know of any other developer that I've worked
- 3 with that's had the quality that they have.
- It's the only developer I've worked with in the
- 1 last 30 years of working here in Lee County that
- has their sales staff learn about the water
- management system, so they can explain it to the
- people buying the property.
- I've worked for a lot of people in this
- place. They are the first and the only client
- that's ever done that. I look forward to having
- them as a good neighbor. Thanks.
- MR. COCHRAN: Kelly Green.
- MS. GREEN: I'm sorry. Thank you.
- 15 Chairman, board members. Again my name is Kelly
- Green, and I am a resident of Alva. I live in
- the Alva zip code, and I believe I am your
- neighbor, if not immediate --
- MR. INGE: We can't hear you.
- MS. GREEN: I would like to just very
- quickly hand these out to you. When I met my
- husband he -- the first thing he did, he took me
- dancing and then he took me out to see his
- tractor.
- MR. COCHRAN: Sounds like a perfect date.

MS. GREEN: The second date we had, the second date we had, he took me to the Whiteman

House, which we wound up moving from its

location at Hickey Creek to another location in

Alva to preserve it from being destroyed by the

developer that had purchased the land at the

⁷ site.

And the third date, my husband took me on a drive along 78, and we wound up buying our property in Alva for a homesite. We bought some investment property on the other side, and, again, we are preserving Alva as we understand the rural community, and the charm, and the character, by this investment where we live, you know, and I think that it's just really important to support the communities.

You know, nobody -- I think Bonita Bay is a wonderful developer. When I was a kid going to Bonita Springs Middle back in the 70's -- I guess it was the early 80's, when they were first starting the Bonita Bay project.

You know, we used to see it every day. I didn't know what it was then. I know what it's become. I know what the group is capable of, but at that time I think it was Gary Anderson,

- 1 who was the CEO and president in '87, he was
- interviewed and he said the reason that project
- was a success was because we didn't force the
- ⁴ plan into the environment.
- 5 And I think that's really important to
- for recognize that Bonita Bay can accomplish great
- 7 things along 78 and 31, but I am absolutely
- 8 opposed to the density increase, and I wish that
- you would consider that in embracing staff
- recommendations. Thank you.
- MR. COCHRAN: Thank you. Frank Mann.
- MR. MANN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman,
- honorable members. Thank you for taking your
- time. You guys don't get paid time and-a-half
- for this, and it's been a long day for you.
- I appreciate all the Alva neighbors on both
- sides who have given up virtually their entire
- day to come here. I'm speaking not as an
- elected official, but there's no way I can
- separate that role, I suppose, and my honorable
- council seated over here says, Frank, I wish you
- wouldn't speak at a county commissioner, so,
- frankly, I don't have to.
- I live on North River Road actually on
- Brenfield Lane, but that fronts 300 feet on

- North River Road. This is my home and my
- neighborhood, too, since 1996. I was born in
- 3 Lee County and have been here all my life. My
- 4 property actually was shown when you guys were
- doing the -- your presentation and showing
- 6 Serengeti as the good/bad example. My property
- is very -- is adjacent to that on the east side.
- I want to first echo, I have to, at the
- 9 risk of taking a little extra time, echo what
- 10 I've heard said about Bonita Bay, and I have met
- with Kitty Green, and their top staff level, and
- I have told them the same thing I've heard
- today, if you're going to have somebody develop
- next door to you, you can't pick anybody better,
- and they have a track record to show it, and
- thank you for what you have done for Lee County.
- Yes.
- Well, I'm not here for that all that, we
- don't even allow that downtown, as you know, you
- get in trouble for it.
- I also want to say if you're picking
- neighbors, you can't pick anybody better than
- Glenn Cary, whose has been here a lot longer
- than I have, played football at Fort Myers High
- School, and his family members. On just about

- every Wednesday night, you will find Glenn Cary
- down at the Baptist Church in a joint
- get-together with the Methodist and
- 4 Presbyterians on a Wednesday night. I used to
- be down there on a regular basis myself, until a
- 6 political campaign came along.

There are no finer neighbors then the folks

- 8 here that find themselves -- one minute left?
- 9 All right. Let me say it in case I forget to
- say it, I'm against this project. Now having
- said that and tried to make love to everybody,
- make everybody happy, you can't when you're on a
- situation like this.

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I want to speak on a couple of items that

came out in the presentation, one has to do with

the water and the sewers. I'm glad they're

suggesting they're going to use water and sewer

and they should take advantage of it. North

Fort Myers utilities is right across the street

on State Road 31 and available to them, and it

would be foolish not to take advantage of that.

22 And my guess is that if you tried to permit

even 1,000 homes at one unit on wells and septic

tanks, the state health department is probably

not going to permit that anyway, so I really

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- don't think it's fair to waive that fear flag,
- that if we don't this, the next crummy developer
- is going to come in here and put nothing but
- these homes that you see all over Lee County.
- Nobody is going to try to develop that in
- that way. It's not going to happen. They're
- going to use the more appropriate way rather
- 8 than put septic tanks along the Caloosahatchee
- ⁹ at a 1,000 a pack.
- And, Dan, I've done a lot of play acting in
- my career, but yours was the best I've ever
- seen. When you said we're going to -- our rural
- regulations -- or road rule regulations are that
- whatever we do in our development company can't
- be any worse off than what we have today.
- Well, if we put 2,500 units out there, that
- equates to 5,000 cars, and my smart growth
- people tell me that equates to probably around,
- 7,000 trips per day, and if you can tell me that
- 7,000 trips is no worse off today at the 31
- intersection, then my hat is off to you, Dan;
- that was wonderful. And you said it with a
- straight face; that's why I was so impressed.
- couldn't have done that.

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Lee County has a build out today of

- 1 1,400,000 people, and Lehigh Acres, we can put
- another 100,000, they're already vested, the
- owners out there, the same thing, 100,000,
- ⁴ 150,000 in Cape Coral. We don't have much rural
- ⁵ land left. The largest single area is what
- we're talking about right here.
- When I was in the legislature in a previous
- 8 life, we asked -- we passed a law that says
- 9 counties have a comprehensive plan about what
- you're going to do in the future, so that you
- don't wreck what you have down there, and we now
- have a comprehensive plan, and it calls for
- large areas where it was still possible to
- maintain them as rural in character, and that's
- what we have and it's one of the last ones we're
- about to destroy.
- These wonderful people do work hard at
- this. They make a living at it. We make a life
- out of where we are, not a living, and we're
- saying why have a comprehensive plan if you're
- going to ignore it? Why have this fine,
- hard-working group, if ya'll are going to ignore
- the comprehensive plan?
- It's a tough decision, I know, but these
- are real live people out here that live in the

- rural and they protect it, and they care about
- it, and they want it for their grandchildren
- 3 too. I wouldn't take your job if it paid.
- ⁴ Thank you.
- MR. MCNAMARA: There's a couple more people
- back here that would like to speak.
- MR. COCHRAN: Bring your cards.
- MR. MCNAMARA: My name is Kevin McNamara,
- and my accent is probably polar opposite of Mr.
- English, but I love Alva. I moved there for
- very specific reasons, and I can tell you
- without a doubt if you allow this development to
- go through, those specific reasons cease to
- exist.
- But there's something more technical or
- specific that has been broached upon in this
- whole conversation that I just haven't really
- heard specifically spoken about. The staff is
- not recommending this to be transmitted, if
- that's the proper phrase, for a very specific
- reason, as I understand it, and forgive me if
- I'm wrong. I'm brand knew to this and I've
- learned an awful lot in the last six or seven
- hours.
- The very specific reason is because the

- type of property that it is right now, versus
- the type of property that Bonita Bay wants turn
- it into, and I don't know the terms for which
- piece of property it is, isn't balanced, and
- there's no more need in Lee County for us to
- turn more property into this new property. Am I
- ⁷ correct with a layman's explanation of that?
- MR. NOBLE: You're close.
- MR. COCHRAN: Pretty close.
- MR. MCNAMARA: And I haven't heard -- my
- neighbors I think did a good -- great job of why
- we shouldn't have this, and Bonita Bay did a
- great job of how it will benefit the community
- and how they're going to live with the Alva
- lifestyle and everything else, but I haven't
- heard anyone say, "Well, we're out of this type
- of property so, therefore, we need to change the
- piece of property to this."
- All I'm getting out of this is, "Hey, we
- bought this piece of property, and we can make a
- lot more money if we change it into this piece
- of property." I have not heard anyone said,
- "Well, we're running out of that type of
- property so let's change it so we can continue
- developing."

Apparently, based on what I've heard,

there's is whole bunch left in Lee County and

that it be used to continue these type of

developments. When we run out of it, then look

at Alva, not before. Thank you.

MR. COCHRAN: Thank you. George Emmert.

MR. EMMERT: My name is George Emmert. I

8 live in Olga. I wanted to say think about what

thousands of yards and golf -- and a golf course

that's going to be sprayed with pesticides and

11 fertilizer, where do you think that that's going

to end up? And where do you think that that is

going to go? It is going to go down to Sanibel,

and the Gulf.

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We've got a chance now to -- to -- to -- to clean this up and to stop this. We are spending \$16 billion to clean up the Glades. What are we

going to have to spend to come back and clean up

this? This might be a very good plan, but this

is a wrong site for this. Thank you.

MR. COCHRAN: Cherie Foster.

MS. FOSTER: Thank you for the opportunity

to speak. I also am opposed to this. I live in

24 South Olga, I guess you would call it, and it

does affect it. Our river where we're talking,

- the place is right across the river from us.
- Right now there's a lot of river traffic.
- There's boats on there all the time.
- Unfortunately, there's no place to go east on
- the river because the locks are there, so what
- they do is just go back and forth from 31 to the
- ⁷ locks. So add more boats to that, so now we
- 8 have boat traffic.

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But also I think that one thing that I want to ask you to consider, and consider seriously, is our water. It's our most natural, precious, most valuable, precious resource that we have.

And when you're adding more -- I understand that they're planning on putting plumbing and sewer and that in, but they all still want to have beautiful lush lawns, and swimming pools in their backyards and this is all going to be taken right out of the aquifer.

And as we all know from the experience at Verandah, there were people that were there that their wells went dry. I think there's six or eight people that they drilled new wells for them, which is fine, but it doesn't -- you know, if we put in this many more homes, I think we embrace Bonita Bay. And the thing is that we

just want them to stick to what, for many reasons, but mostly to what the land use map states, is one unit per acre. Thanks so much.

MR. COCHRAN: Thank you very much. That ends the public comments. Final comments?

MR. DELISI: Yeah. Again, Dan DeLisi for the record. I hope you'll indulge just a little comment on what we heard. I'm going to start off with the second to last speaker, thousands of acres sprayed with golf course and pesticides and whatever effecting Sanibel, that is exactly why we should do what we're doing.

The rural land use category would allow

1,000 units and a golf course with very little
extra protection. We're proposing a low-impact
development that's -- you know, the criteria
established with the South Florida Water

Management District doesn't even give us credit
for the low-impact development techniques that
we're asking to do as part of this.

So when you talk about a trade-off with increased density, with increased density our goal is to make net positive environmental benefits to the community. If you were to allow this to develop in the rural land use category

- of one unit an acre with that golf course that
- people are worried about, which can happen in
- the existing land use category, you don't have
- 4 those extra protections.
- ⁵ We are building in something where the
- water comes -- that comes off this development
- is clean. It's not worse by this development.
- You know, I just want to make it clear. We need
- to compare apples to apples. When we talk about
- transportation, again, I thank Frank Mann for
- his hat, I'll wear it and cherish it.
- The fact of the matter is, we need to
- compare apples to apples. If we talk about
- 2,500 new units, let's talk about the \$23
- million of impact fees that those 2,500 units
- pay for. All right. Now let's talk about over
- and above the impact fees, what do we pay to
- make net positive benefits to the
- infrastructure?
- We're not talking about just leaving the
- community no worse off, which is what just
- paying impact fees would do. We're talking
- about making net positive benefits to the
- infrastructure; that's every proposal that we've
- talked about.

Let's face it, density, all right, I went to planning school. I have a master's in city planning. The field of planning has changed in the last 25 years since the rural land use category was established.

Since that time one of the most fundamental things that we've learned -- and the Sierra Club, the National Sierra Club put out a publication with the Urban Land Institute called Density, Myth and Fact, which talks about how density can be used to improve upon the environment. Everybody in the planning field understands this.

Everything that has come out in the field of planning for the last, say, 15 to 20 years, on density, has been overwhelmingly positive towards the benefits of density.

Now, you know, I'll qualify that to say that doesn't mean high density spread out over everywhere is a good thing, that means if you use it as an incentive to decrease the development footprint, which is what we are doing, we are increasing our preserve requirement, we are increasing our open space requirement.

- If you do it to decrease your footprint,
- your development footprint, that is smart
- growth, that is what we're proposing. So this
- idea that somehow density is bad just simply
- does not fit with the planning profession. I'm
- not sure there's a whole lot more I can say
- about that at this point, but thank you for your
- 8 time.
- 9 MR. COCHRAN: Thank you very much. Back to
- the board now.
- MS. WESSEL: I'd like more time.
- MR. COCHRAN: I have a comment.
- MR. ANDRESS: Go ahead.
- MR. COCHRAN: I, too, live in a Bonita Bay
- community, so there isn't any question about the
- quality, but I think your opening statement
- raised and closed the whole question as far as
- 18 I'm concerned. You asked us does this make the
- most sense for Lee County? That was the
- question that we started this a little while
- ago.
- 22 And I think you effectively constructed a
- strong man argument, giving some indication that
- if this doesn't happen in some way, that
- somebody else is going to do something bad with

- 1 1,000 units. As a matter of fact, you still own
- the property, so you are in control of this
- 3 whether we build 2,500 or whether we build
- 1,000.
- 5 The second point, regardless of all the
- 6 comments that have been made by all the
- ⁷ individuals, we are dealing with the Alva
- 9 planning community; that is the guidelines that
- we're following. And unfortunately some of you
- live in other areas, but we are following -- we
- are bound to follow the Alva planning community.
- Next, Bonita Bay has defined this as an
- urban area, and we have staff saying we don't
- need any more urban areas in our county, and the
- people in the Alva planning community say we
- don't need any in our community.
- So it isn't anything about the quality of
- Bonita Bay, it isn't anything about what this
- will do for this group or that group, it is a
- matter of fact, it does not meet the definition
- that we have to follow, and as result of that, I
- don't need anymore time.
- MR. ANDRESS: Well, I've been here for a
- long time on the LPA, and I was here when the
- Alva Plan first came through, and there was a

- 1 lot of discussion about the scope of the Alva
- Plan, about they were -- the first time it was
- brought forward, it didn't go anywhere because
- it was so broad that there were a lot of large
- ⁵ land owners that did not want their property
- incorporated into the plan.

It was -- it was so spotty, because so many parcels had been taken out of the plan that it wasn't contiguous, it wasn't consistent with a

- unified area of the county for a community plan,
- and so I have some problems with Alva being nine
- miles away and wanting to include all of these
- other areas, when these areas originally were
- 14 not even included in the plan, and the plan --
- there was lot of disagreement in the community
- itself about what -- which plan they wanted to
- do.

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I do have a problem with 2,500 units. I

think that if there is a 1,000 units that are

permitted with the current land use in that

area, that we need to take a look at what is a

reasonable number of units that would be able to

-- if the lot is worth -- a developed lot in

this subdivision is going to be worth \$100,000

and you got 1,500 extra lots, is that too big of

- a bonus in density to allow for that big of an
- increase? So, therefore, I think that we need
- more time. This is a big issue. And Bonita Bay
- is a good citizen for Lee County. They have
- provided many high-quality paying jobs and have
- been a very good citizen, and I think we need to
- give them adequate time to respond to some of
- the things we've heard here today, and I think
- ⁹ we need to have them work with staff to work out
- something that is more reasonable.
- I think that we've heard that 2,500 is
- unreasonable, and so we start at 1,000, and what
- is a reasonable bonus that would allow them to
- do the amenities they need to do to have the
- environmental improvements they're proposing for
- this property?
- So, therefore, I for one, think we ought to
- continue this, and I think we ought to continue
- it to give them adequate time to respond to
- this.
- MR. COCHRAN: Okay.
- MR. INGE: Rae, I can --
- MS. WESSEL: You what?
- MR. INGE: You go ahead or I will.
- MS. WESSEL: No, go ahead.

MR. INGE: It's very interesting dialogue we had today. I appreciate all the input from everyone about the -- your thoughts on this particular development. There are a significant number of environmental uplifts that this project provides that speaks well as to what Bonita Bay does, and I think everyone was complimentary of that.

The issue about the septic tanks and wells, just as I recall, you can do -- put a septic tank and well on a parcel of a platted lot of a quarter acre or larger, if it's platted after 1972.

So the point about being able to put wells and septics out there, you can do that, and have 1,000 of them out there, if you want, and that can work, if someone so chooses, but I don't think that's Bonita Bay's intent. I think what they were trying to demonstrate is that's what could happen, here's what we're proposing, and tried to contrast those two.

I do respect the concerns of the people that live out there, about what they think should be in their back door, what they should look at. The Olga folks were pretty adamant, at

- least the majority seemed to be pretty
- supportive of it. The Alva folks that live a
- bit further away weren't.
- I do have concerns about the height of 85
- ⁵ feet. Again, not having a chance to look at the
- 6 materials well enough in advance, I learned a
- 1 lot from some of the discussions today. I'm not
- 9 prepared to say that I know about all this
- ⁹ project I need to to go forward today either.
- I do think there is some great benefits
- that it provides, that I am sensitive to the
- comments that the community has made about the
- density issue, about what's compatible with
- their neighborhood.
- I think we should give the applicant and
- the staff more time to look at these issues
- together, and take into consideration the
- comments that were made today before we go
- ¹⁹ forward.
- MR. COCHRAN: Do we have a motion?
- MS. WESSEL: In the interest of time I
- would like to make a motion that we continue
- ²³ CPA2006 --
- MR. ANDRESS: 6-12.
- MS. WESSEL: --6-12, to a time when --

- that will give us enough time to have a chance
- to look at the plan in detail, since we got it
- on Friday night, Saturday, some of us, give the
- ⁴ public a chance, give the applicant a chance to
- ⁵ nail down some of the issues that have been
- 6 discussed.
- I think there are a tremendous number of
- issues that just have -- that deserve the time
- be reconciled. I would continue this to a
- date not to exceed one month.
- MR. COCHRAN: Well, I think Paul has some
- dates for us, but we have to have a second
- 13 first.
- MR. ANDRESS: I'll second.
- MR. COCHRAN: Paul, what are the possible
- dates that we might have?
- MR. O'CONNOR: I believe the dates that we
- saw available space for this was October 7th and
- ¹⁹ October 9th.
- MR. ANDRESS: I don't think that gives us
- enough time. When is our next
- regularly-scheduled meeting?
- MR. O'CONNOR: That would be the end of
- October, towards the end of October.
- MR. NOBLE: Like the 27th, beyond the board

- transmittal.
- MR. ANDRESS: The board can make their
- decision if they want to make it before they
- want to hear from us, but I don't think we can
- 5 hear it again before the end of October.
- MR. O'CONNOR: Well, if you put it off
- beyond the 22nd --
- 8 MR. COCHRAN: I think we should meet before
- the board. I think we have an obligation to try
- to meet before the board. When is the next
- board meeting?
- MR. O'CONNOR: The board date is set at
- October 22nd, with a hold-over date of the 23rd.
- MR. INGE: Is our next scheduled meeting
- the 27th?
- MR. O'CONNOR: That's correct.
- MR. COCHRAN: Well, if next week -- what
- about the following week?
- MS. COLLINS: There is no board zoning
- meeting on the 13th, so chambers would be
- available that day. I don't know how that
- coincides with everyone's schedule?
- MR. COCHRAN: I think we just have to have
- staff poll the committee as to the time we can
- get together. We don't have three members here

- anyway today and we're trying to do it at least
- 2 a week or 10 days away --
- 3 MS. MILLER: Okay.
- MR. COCHRAN: -- to give people more time
- and yet before the board meets; is that
- 6 acceptable?
- MS. WESSEL: Yeah, as long as it's not the
- ⁸ week of the 13th.
- 9 MR. DELISI: Mr. Chair, can I ask a
- question?
- MR. COCHRAN: No.
- MR. ANDRESS: The week of 13th, I'm going
- to be gone.
- MS. WESSEL: Yeah, I'm gone, too.
- MR. COCHRAN: Do you have a problem getting
- -- if we have an alternative -- is it related to
- our discussion?
- MR. DELISI: It is.
- MR. COCHRAN: Okay, I'm sorry.
- MR. DELISI: As long as we can remain
- within this cycle, we're fine continuing it.
- MR. COCHRAN: Out goal is to be in this
- cycle.
- MR. DELISI: Okay.
- MR. ANDRESS: To get back to you before the

- meeting with the commissioners.
- MR. DELISI: All right. Thank you.
- MR. O'CONNOR: Can I ask counsel, would we
- want a motion in case this can't happen between
- now and then, so that the board would have some
- 6 kind of an action by the LPA?
- MS. COLLINS: You can invite them to make a
- 8 motion. This will go to them with or without
- 9 their finding. The statutory obligation is that
- it be presented to them.
- MR. O'CONNOR: Okay.
- MR. COCHRAN: I've heard a majority of the
- comments, that the board is not ready to make a
- decision. We need more time.
- MR. INGE: Let me ask this question: If by
- chance we don't get together before the board
- meeting, the board can still take action on the
- 29th; correct?
- MS. COLLINS: That's correct.
- MR. INGE: So our role as advisory is
- essentially we fulfill the statutory function.
- MR. COCHRAN: Right.
- MR. INGE: If for some reason we can't, we
- can't, but I'd like to give everyone one more
- chance to take a look at this. I think some

- good points were made.
- MR. COCHRAN: I would like to have -- I'd
- like to have an opportunity to see if there is
- some middle ground. As we've heard, I think we
- need more time to discuss it. I also feel
- strongly that we have an obligation as an
- advisory group, within all feasible time
- 8 constraints, to make a recommendation.
- And so the motion is that the staff will
- try and poll the committee members and find an
- acceptable date prior to the next board meeting.
- MR. O'CONNOR: Let me just be clear, okay,
- we had possible dates of the 7th and the 9th,
- that's too soon.
- MR. COCHRAN: We have three --
- MR. O'CONNOR: I did also hear that two
- people are going to be gone the week of the
- ¹⁸ 13th.
- MR. ANDRESS: We may have to do it the 9th.
- MR. INGE: Let's do it the 9th.
- MR. COCHRAN: Let's try for the 9th. We
- have three members that are not here.
- MR. O'CONNOR: Well, if it's the 9th, we
- can continue this meeting to a date and time
- certain.

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MR. ANDRESS: Let's do that. We're not
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- going to get to the next one either.
- MR. O'CONNOR: The motion could be changed
- 4 to continue it to the 9th. Is it in chambers?
- MS. MILLER: No, it would be in our large
- 6 conference room in our building.
- 7 MR. ANDRESS: So at 8:30?
- MR. O'CONNOR: Yes.
- 9 MR. ANDRESS: 8:30 the 9th.
- MR. O'CONNOR: In the large conference
- 11 room.
- MS. MILLER: Let me clarify, they both are
- available; conference room and chambers is
- ¹⁴ available.
- MR. O'CONNOR: I think chambers would
- probably be more appropriate.
- MR. ANDRESS: Okay, then chambers, October
- the 9th at 8:30. So we have a motion and a
- 19 second?
- MR. COCHRAN: Motion is on the floor to try
- and have a quorum on the 9th at 8:30.
- MR. MANN: Could I ask just a simple
- ²³ question?
- MR. COCHRAN: Yes.
- MR. MANN: What does that mean to these

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people? Do they come again or do they get to
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- talk again, or what will be the forum?
- MR. COCHRAN: Public comment is closed,
- unless there are substantial changes that come
- ⁵ before us.
- MR. ANDRESS: If changes are made by staff,
- then it opens it up to public comment again.
- MR. MANN: I just want to know the rules.
- ⁹ It applies to everybody.
- MR. ANDRESS: Okay.
- MR. COCHRAN: That's all we know. The
- motion is before us. All those in favor say
- ¹³ aye.
- (All members said aye.)
- MR. COCHRAN: Opposed same sign.
- (No response.)
- MR. COCHRAN: Motion carries.
- MR. NOBLE: We have one more case.
- MR. COCHRAN: We're beyond our time and
- we've lost a quorum.
- MR. ANDRESS: I move to continue Formosa
- until October the 9th at 8:30.
- MR. INGE: Second.
- MR. COCHRAN: All in favor say aye.
- (All members said aye.)

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          MR. COCHRAN: Opposed same sign.
          (No response.)
          MR. COCHRAN: Motion carries.
          (Said proceedings were concluded at 3:08
     p.m.)
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CERTIFICATE STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF LEE I, JANICE R. MALINE, Court Reporter and 7 Notary Public in and for the State of Florida at large, do hereby certify that, pursuant to notice of hearing in the above-titled cause, the foregoing 10 proceedings were reduced to print by means of 11 computer-assisted transcription under my personal supervision, and that the said transcription 13 constitutes a true record of the proceedings. 14 I further certify that said proceedings 15 were taken at the time and place specified 16 hereinabove and that I am neither of counsel, nor 17 solicitor to either party in said suit, nor 18 interested in the event of the cause. 19

WITNESS my hand and official seal in the County of Lee, State of Florida, this 2nd day of October, 2008.

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JANICE R. MALINE

Notary Public, State of Florida

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